Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023



Avondale, Arizona

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

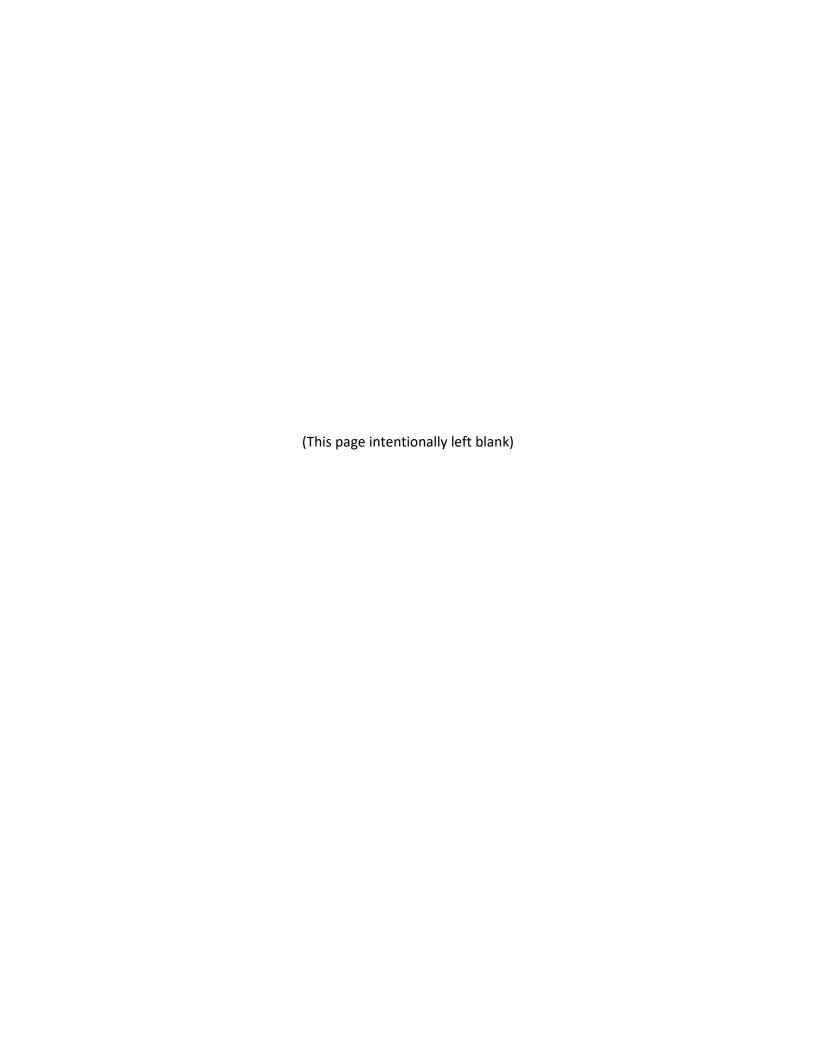
Issued by: Business and Finance Department

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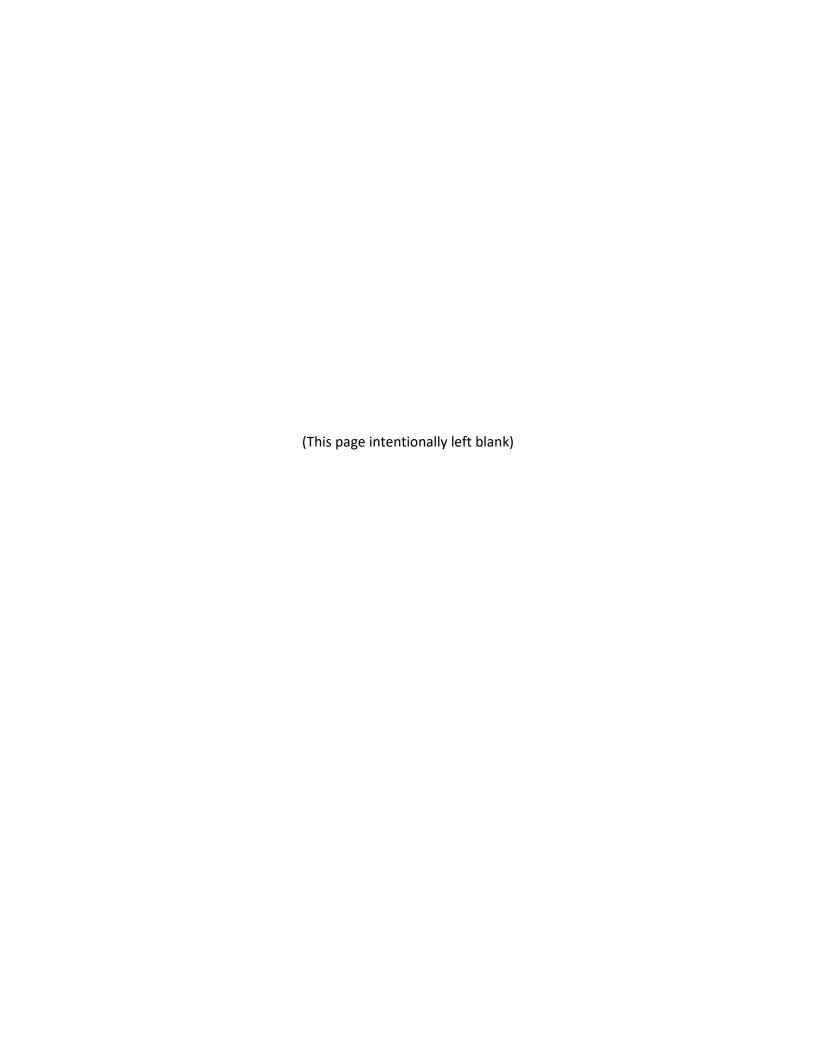
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December 27, 2023

Citizens and Governing Board Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 1600 S. 107th Avenue Avondale, Arizona 85323

State law mandates that school districts required to undergo an annual single audit publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States by a certified public accounting firm licensed in the State of Arizona. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 (District) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the District. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the District has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the District's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the District's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the District's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free of material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The District's financial statements have been audited by Heinfeld, Meech & Co., P.C., a certified public accounting firm. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Littleton Elementary School District #65 PO Box 280 Cashion, Arizona 85329 (623) 478-5600 Reception (623) 478-5625 Facsimile Underdown Learning Center and Administrative Offices 1600 South 107th Avenue, Avondale, Arizona 85323

The independent audit of the financial statements of the District was part of a broader, federally mandated Single Audit as required by the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the District's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in a separately issued Single Audit Report.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the District

The District is one of 58 public school districts located in Maricopa County, Arizona. It provides a program of public education from kindergarten through grade eight, with a current average daily membership of 5,490.

The District's Governing Board is organized under Section 15-321 of the Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.). Management of the District is independent of other state or local governments. The County Treasurer collects taxes for the District but exercises no control over its expenditures/expenses.

The membership of the Governing Board consists of five members elected by the public. Under existing statutes, the Governing Board's duties and powers include, but are not limited to, the acquisition, maintenance, and disposition of school property; the development and adoption of a school program; and the establishment, organization, and operation of schools. The Board also has broad financial responsibilities, including the approval of the annual budget, and the establishment of a system of accounting and budgetary controls.

The financial reporting entity consists of a primary government and its component units. A component unit is a legally separate entity that must be included in the reporting entity in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The District is a primary government because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. Furthermore, there are no component units combined with the District for financial statement presentation purposes, and the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity. Consequently, the District's financial statements include only the funds of those organizational entities for which its elected governing board is financially accountable. The District's major operations include education, student transportation, construction and maintenance of District facilities, and food services.

The District was organized in 1912 and is located about 15 miles west of downtown Phoenix. The District boundaries encompass approximately 30 square miles, which include portions of the City of Phoenix, the City of Avondale and the City of Tolleson. The unincorporated City of Cashion is also included in the District. The District is included in the area served by the Tolleson Union High School District No. 214.

Avondale is located in the southwestern portion of the metropolitan Phoenix area and in the central portion of the County, contiguous to the communities of Litchfield Park to the north, Phoenix to the north and east, Tolleson to the east and Goodyear to the south and west. Unique to Avondale is the convergence of the Gila, Salt and Agua Fria rivers within Avondale. The ISM Raceway (formerly Phoenix International Raceway) is also included in the boundaries for the District. Avondale was incorporated in 1946 and is considered one of the fastest growing residential areas in the County. The population statistics for the City of Avondale according to the 2020 Census was 89,334.

Due to the District's close proximity to the Phoenix Metropolitan area and its strategic location on the I-10 corridor, it is included in the westward expansion of the city. Although agriculture has been the economic mainstay of the area for many years, the attraction of commerce, light manufacturing and residential development are contributing to the District's growth and economic diversity. Home building over the last decade within the District boundaries saw a steady increase with a few stagnant years due to the recession. Home building is again on the rise with new communities as well as resurgence of communities that had fallen dormant during the downturn of the economy. This growth affected student population and since 2002 enrollment increased from 1,367 to the current enrollment of 5,490 students membership.

The District maintains budgetary controls as an integral part of its overall system of internal controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions included in the annual expenditure budget adopted by the District's Governing Board. The annual expenditure budget also serves as the foundation for the District's financial planning and control. Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, and capital projects funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is the total adopted expenditure budget. Arizona Revised Statutes permits the adopted expenditure budget to be revised annually. The District additionally exercises management control and oversight of the budget at the fund level. The District may have overexpenditures of budgeted funds as long as the necessary revenue is earned. The District is not required to prepare an annual budget of revenue; therefore, a deficit budgeted fund balance may be presented.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the District operates.

Local Economy. Avondale is developing from an agriculturally based community into a center for commerce and light industry. Avondale's economy is a mix of services, retail, and manufacturing. Avondale has two employment corridors that can access a labor pool of more than a million employees within a 30-minute commute. The I-10 Corridor and the Avondale Boulevard Corridor serve the 66-acre Avondale Civic Center that includes a 16,000 square foot Hilton complex. Avondale continues to work to bring in a diversified, high quality employment base. In addition to office plazas, retail centers and one of the state's largest auto mall (Avondale Auto mall), the city has found its niche with medical-related offices and health-related centers. With two hospitals on its border and a Phoenix Children's Hospital in the West Valley, medical-related professions thrive in the community. New housing starts declined beginning in 2009 due to the state of the economy in Arizona but the city is now experiencing a steady increase that is expected to grow over the next few years including a major planned area of development. The city is governed by a mayor and seven council members.

The Phoenix metropolitan area and the rest of Maricopa County had been one of the fastest growing regional markets in the United States. The number of manufacturing and wholesale business located in the metropolitan area is approaching 3,000. This growth has been stimulated by a combination of warm climate, a substantial well educated labor pool, a wide range of support industries and a governmental climate that is supportive of economic growth and investment. The Phoenix metropolitan area has also taken major strides in improving infrastructure in the surrounding area by opening the Loop 303 which serves as a bypass for downtown Phoenix and the Loop 202 expansion which has redistributed congestion on the I-10 Corridor.

A few of the major firms represented in the Phoenix metropolitan area include Honeywell International, Inc., Banner Health Systems, Wal-Mart Stores, Inc., Wells Fargo Company, Kroger/Fry's and Amazon. In addition, the metropolitan area provides excellent educational and training opportunities through seven community colleges, four private colleges and graduate schools, and one state university.

Maricopa County is in the south-central portion of Arizona and encompasses an area of approximately 9,224 square miles. Its boundaries encompass the cities of Phoenix, Scottsdale, Mesa, Tempe, Glendale, Chandler, and such towns as Gilbert, Paradise Valley, and Fountain Hills.

Maricopa County is currently the nation's fourth largest county in terms of population size and the 14th in land area. Maricopa County added 56,831 residents last year, a gain of 1.3% from 2022. Our population is now approximately 4.6 million and projected 6 million by 2030. Maricopa County remains the fourth largest county by population Maricopa County has a very wide range of economic sectors supporting its substantial growth. Maricopa County has, for some time, enjoyed an unemployment rate that was somewhat lower than the national average.

Service is the largest employment sector in the County, partly fueled by the \$2+ billion per year tourist industry. The County has excellent accommodations, diverse cultural and recreational activities, and a favorable climate attracting millions to the area annually. Wholesale and retail trade is the second largest employment category, employing over a quarter million people.

Manufacturing consisting primarily of high technology companies is the third largest employer. Other factors aiding economic growth include major expansions of the international airport serving the area, a favorable business climate and the presence of a well-developed and expanding transportation infrastructure.

Long-term Financial Planning

The District opened its seventh campus, Fine Arts Academy, in July 2016 and suspended enrollment an existing middle school, Underdown in 2008, as the District adopted a new vision to have all schools be kindergarten through 8th grade. The campus serves limited student services and is now seeing new life as the site for the new district administration facility, which was completed in December 2009. New Schools were funded primarily through the Arizona School Facilities Board but in recent years the funding has been shifted to local taxpayers through Bond elections. The average age of the school buildings is 26 years.

Voters approved a Bond initiative of \$22.7 million in the November 2017 election for the acquisition of land, construction of new and existing school facilities and for pupil transportation vehicles in anticipation of the expected growth. The District sold \$3.75 million of Bonds in May of 2018 and an additional \$2 million of Bonds in March of 2019 in preparation of proposed land purchases. Voters' approved in the 2021 election, \$15 million bond funds would be used to enhance student safety, enhance energy efficiency, purchase student technology, provide needed building improvements and to complete a new K-8 campus: Construction began in 2022 in the Alamar community that opened to students in Fall of 2023. Every school will see improvements and will benefit from the technology upgrades.

Like many Districts across the nation, Littleton transitioned to a distance learning model in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The District was forced to adapt to the changing environment throughout the educational process. Technology was purchased to ensure every student had access to online curriculum, food pickups were organized to ensure students did not go hungry, and support staff was retained and repurposed to ensure students and teachers had the necessary support. Due to feedback received from students, parents, and the community, the District expects to see a number of students elect for a distance learning experience as long as there is uncertainty with the pandemic. The District is sensitive to how student choice to remain online will affect the budget in the future. Conservative enrollment growth estimates indicated that a three to four percent growth rate will continue for the next six to eight years. However, the District is reviewing growth projections due to the pandemic and determining how to best market online learning to the current community and Arizona as a whole.

Awards and Acknowledgments

<u>Awards.</u> The Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO) awarded a Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting to the District for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This was the 15th consecutive year that the District has received this prestigious award. In addition, the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the District for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. In order to be awarded these certificates, the District published an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report satisfied both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

These certificates are valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the programs' requirements and we are submitting it to ASBO and GFOA to determine its eligibility for the fiscal year June 30, 2023, certificates.

<u>Acknowledgements</u>. The preparation of the annual comprehensive financial report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the business and finance department. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the Governing Board of the District, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Roger S. Freeman, Ed.D.

Superintendent

Ryan French

Chief Operations Officer



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

Littleton Elementary School District 65

for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022.

The district report meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting.



John W. Hutchison

for w. Artchori

President

Siobhán McMahon, CAE Chief Operations Officer/ Interim Executive Director

Sirkha MMha



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

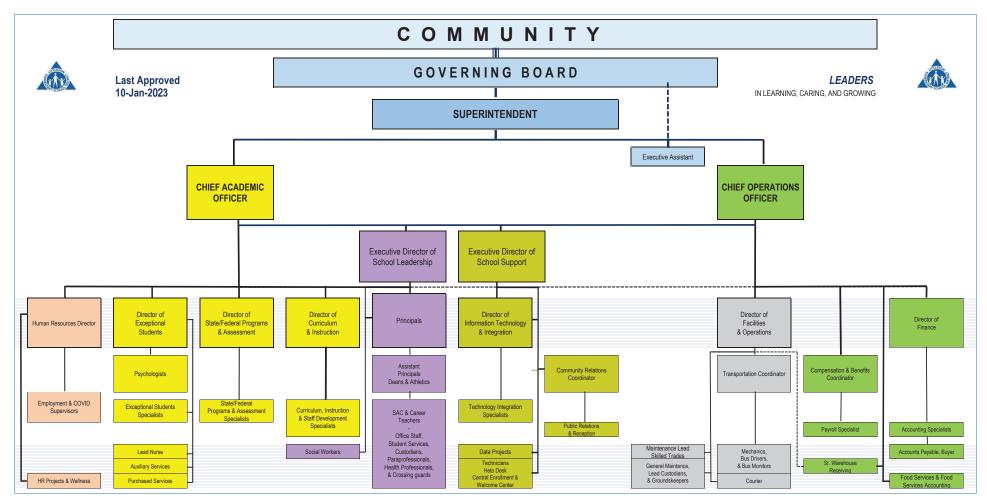
Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Arizona

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



Guiding Principles: Every Student a Learner; Safe and Orderly Environment; Families as Partners; Competent, Dedicated and Caring Staff; A Meaningfully Involved Community; and A Highly Effective Organization

List of Principal Officials

Governing Board

Kathy Reyes, President

Amy Soucinek, Vice President

Rachel Barnett, Member

Markus Ceniceros, Member

Sara Contreras, Member

Administrative Staff

Roger S. Freeman, Ed.D., Superintendent

Ryan French, Chief Operations Officer

Dr. Lisa Haid, Chief Academic Officer

Sue Garrison, Executive Director of School Support

Kristen VandeWater, Executive Director of School Leadership

Financial Section

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Independent Auditor's Report

Governing Board Littleton Elementary School District No. 65

Report on Audit of Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Littleton Elementary School District No. 65, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1, the District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, for the year ended June 30, 2023, which represents a change in accounting principle. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for one year beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements. In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, and net pension liability information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Introductory Section and Statistical Section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on other work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2023, on our consideration of Littleton Elementary School District No. 65's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Littleton Elementary School District No. 65's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Littleton Elementary School District No. 65's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Heinfeld, Meech & Co., P.C.

Heinfeld Meech & Co. PC

Scottsdale, Arizona December 27, 2023 (This page intentionally left blank)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplementary Information)

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As management of the Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The management's discussion and analysis is presented as required supplementary information to supplement the basic financial statements. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found in the introductory section of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The District's total net position of governmental activities increased \$15.3 million which represents a 29 percent increase from the prior fiscal year primarily due to increased state aid resulting from an increase in base level funding.
- General revenues accounted for \$58.6 million in revenue, or 74 percent of all current fiscal year revenues. Program specific revenue in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$21.0 million or 26 percent of total current fiscal year revenues.
- The District had approximately \$64.2 million in expenses related to governmental activities, an increase of six percent from the prior fiscal year primarily due to inflation and compensation increases.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$49.3 million current fiscal year revenues, which
 primarily consisted of state aid and property taxes, and \$39.3 million in expenditures. The
 General Fund's fund balance increased from \$12.2 million at the prior fiscal year end to
 \$22.9 million at the end of the current fiscal year primarily due to an increase of the
 allocation of state aid and position savings.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The accrual basis of accounting is used for the government-wide financial statements.

Overview of Financial Statements

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant services, student transportation services, operation of non-instructional services, and interest on long-term debt.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are reported as governmental funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements use the modified accrual basis of accounting and focus on near-term inflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Overview of Financial Statements

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General, Other Federal Projects, Debt Service, and Bond Building Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements and schedules.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's budget process and pension plan. The District adopts an annual expenditure budget for all governmental funds. A schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances – budget and actual has been provided for the General Fund and a major Special Revenue Fund as required supplementary information. Schedules for the pension and other postemployment plans have been provided as required supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$67.8 million at the current fiscal year end.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment, and construction in progress), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. In addition, a portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance is unrestricted and may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The following table presents a summary of the District's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

As of June 30, 2023	As of June 30, 2022	
	\$ 58,741,921	
119,154,414	90,653,509	
170,013,812	149,395,430	
6,299,730	9,347,344	
10,824,623	4,092,091	
96,168,834	90,950,438	
106,993,457	95,042,529	
1,479,077	11,206,269	
68,391,888	63,560,420	
23,692,277	17,088,358	
(24,243,157)	(28,154,802)	
\$ 67,841,008	\$ 52,493,976	
	June 30, 2023 \$ 50,859,398 119,154,414 170,013,812 6,299,730 10,824,623 96,168,834 106,993,457 1,479,077 68,391,888 23,692,277 (24,243,157)	

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District reported a negative unrestricted net position of \$24.2 million due primarily to the District's proportionate share of the state pension plan's unfunded liability. Positive net position was reported in the other two categories. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets. The following are significant current year transactions that had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

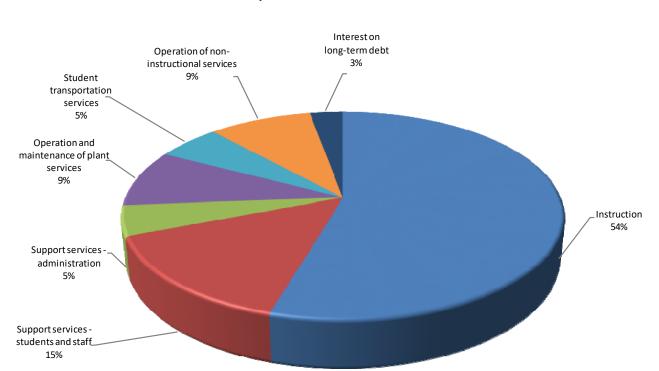
- The principal retirement of \$2.7 million of bonds.
- Accumulated depreciation increased \$3.0 million.
- The net pension liability increased \$8.0 million.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Changes in net position. The total revenues for the current fiscal year were \$79.6 million. The total cost of all programs and services was \$64.2 million. The following table presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

	Fiscal Year Ended	Fiscal Year Ended	
	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	
Revenues:			
Program revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ 2,524,607	\$ 692,451	
Operating grants and contributions	16,392,142	14,555,639	
Capital grants and contributions	2,065,520	2,684,843	
General revenues:			
Property taxes	17,345,175	16,488,058	
Investment income	717,178	209,035	
Unrestricted county aid		2,668,941	
Unrestricted state aid	40,035,817	32,109,648	
Unrestricted federal aid	484,304	505,613	
Total revenues	79,564,743	69,914,228	
Expenses:			
Instruction	35,014,806	32,514,720	
Support services - students and staff	9,423,107	8,917,557	
Support services - administration	2,994,183	6,084,722	
Operation and maintenance of plant services	5,679,757	4,770,135	
Student transportation services	3,547,415	2,328,797	
Operation of non-instructional services	5,737,185	4,847,184	
Interest on long-term debt	1,821,258	1,124,199	
Total expenses	64,217,711	60,587,314	
Changes in net position	15,347,032	9,326,914	
Net position, beginning	52,493,976	43,167,062	
Net position, ending	\$ 67,841,008	\$ 52,493,976	

Government-Wide Financial Analysis



Expenses - Fiscal Year 2023

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the change in net position.

- Increase in unrestricted state aid of \$7.9 million due to an increase in base level funding.
- Instructional expenses increased \$2.5 million as a result of increased spending on instructional aids and materials.
- Charges for service increased \$1.8 million primarily due to the expiration of nationwide wavers in response to the COVID-19 pandemic that provided free meals to students under the Summer Food Service Program.
- Operating grants and contributions increased \$1.8 million primarily due to an increase in federal funding from COVID-19 grants.

The following table presents the cost of the District's major functional activities. The table also shows each function's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

	Year Ended June 30, 2023		Year Ended .	Year Ended June 30, 2022	
	Total	Net (Expense)/ Total		Net (Expense)/	
	Expenses	Revenue	Expenses	Revenue	
Instruction	\$ 35,014,806	\$ (27,495,751)	\$ 32,514,720	\$ (25,319,262)	
Support services - students and staff	9,423,107	(7,130,932)	8,917,557	(6,529,768)	
Support services - administration	2,994,183	(2,712,048)	6,084,722	(5,603,717)	
Operation and maintenance of					
plant services	5,679,757	(1,257,461)	4,770,135	(3,562,591)	
Student transportation services	3,547,415	(3,310,600)	2,328,797	(2,140,876)	
Operation of non-instructional					
services	5,737,185	290,439	4,847,184	1,488,747	
Interest on long-term debt	1,821,258	(1,619,089)	1,124,199	(986,914)	
Total	\$ 64,217,711	\$ (43,235,442)	\$ 60,587,314	\$ (42,654,381)	

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$64.2 million.
- Federal and State governments and charges for services subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions and other local revenues of \$21.0 million.
- Net cost of governmental activities of \$43.2 million was financed by general revenues, which are made up of primarily property taxes of \$17.3 million and state and federal aid of \$40.5 million. Investment earnings accounted for \$717,178 of funding.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$31.5 million, a decrease of \$20.0 million due primarily to expenditures of bond proceeds to construct Alamar Elementary School.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The General Fund comprises 73 percent of the total fund balance. Approximately \$18.3 million, or 80 percent of the General Fund's fund balance is unassigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The fund balance decreased \$10.9 million to \$22.9 million. The General Fund revenues increased \$6.2 million primarily due to increases in state aid. Expenditures decreased \$1.4 million primarily due to position savings and the use of ESSER funds.

Fund balance of the Federal and State Grants Fund decreased \$3.2 million due to outstanding federal and state grant reimbursements.

Fund balance of the Debt Service Fund increased \$329,513.

Fund balance of the Bond Building Fund decreased \$26.7 million due to the spending of previously issued bond monies for construction of Alamar Elementary School.

Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District did not revise the General Fund annual expenditure budget in total.

Significant variances for the final amended budget and actual revenues resulted from the District no longer being required by the State of Arizona to prepare a revenue budget. A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information. The significant favorable variance of \$1.4 million in instruction expenditures was due to budgeted positions that remained unfilled during the year.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. At year end, the District had invested \$162.2 million in capital assets, including school buildings, athletic facilities, buses and other vehicles, computers, and other equipment. This amount represents a net increase prior to depreciation of \$31.5 million from the prior fiscal year, primarily due to construction of the new Alamar Elementary School. Total depreciation expense for the current fiscal year was \$3.3 million.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

The following schedule presents a summary of capital asset balances for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

	As of		As of	
	June 30, 2023		Jur	ne 30, 2022
Capital assets - non-depreciable	\$	48,504,779	\$	23,868,798
Capital assets - depreciable, net		70,649,635		66,784,711
Total	\$	119,154,414	\$	90,653,509

The estimated cost to complete current construction projects is \$2.4 million.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 6.

Debt Administration. At year-end, the District had \$51.2 million in long-term debt outstanding, \$2.3 million due within one year. Long-term debt decreased by \$3.0 million primarily due to the retirement of bonds outstanding.

The District's general obligation bonds are subject to two limits; the Constitutional debt limit (total debt limit) on all general obligation bonds (up to 15 percent of the total net full cash assessed valuation) and the statutory debt limit on Class B bonds (the greater of 10 percent of the net full cash assessed valuation or \$1,500 per student). The current total debt limitation for the District is \$83.8 million and the Class B debt limit is \$55.9 million. The District does not have any current Class B bonding capacity.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Notes 8 through 10.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

Many factors were considered by the District's administration during the process of developing the fiscal year 2023-24 budget. Among them:

- Fiscal year 2022-23 budget balance carry forward (estimated \$3.1 million).
- District student population (estimated 5,687).

Also considered in the development of the budget is the local economy and inflation of the surrounding area.

Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund increased eight percent to \$49.8 million in fiscal year 2023-24 primarily due to an increase in estimated average daily membership. State aid and property taxes are expected to be the primary funding sources. No new programs were added to the 2023-24 budget.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the resources it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Business and Finance Department, Littleton Elementary School District No. 65, 1600 South 107th Avenue, Avondale, Arizona 85323.

Basic Financial Statements

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Government-Wide Financial Statements

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 30,576,893
Deposits	65,519
Property taxes receivable	275,207
Accounts receivable	1,416,493
Due from governmental entities	13,865,093
Prepaid items	4,540,000
Inventory	120,193
Total current assets	50,859,398
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets not being depreciated	48,504,779
Capital assets, net accumulated depreciation	70,649,635
Total noncurrent assets	119,154,414
Total assets	170,013,812
Deferred outflows of resources	
Pension plan items	6,299,730
Total deferred outflows of resources	6,299,730
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	7,119,474
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	1,254,520
Unearned revenues	1,532,499
Compensated absences payable	150,000
Financed purchases payable	165,426
Bonds payable	2,090,000
Accrued interest payable	918,130
Total current liabilities	13,230,049
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Non-current portion of long-term obligations	93,763,408
Total noncurrent liabilities	93,763,408
Total liabilities	106,993,457
Deferred inflows of resources	
Pension plan items	1,479,077
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,479,077
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	68,391,888
Instruction	17,880,568
Food service	1,554,052
Non-instructional purposes	470,163
Debt service	728,501
Capital outlay	3,058,993
Unrestricted	(24,243,157)
Total net position	\$ 67,841,008
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Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net

										-
			Program Revenue					Position		
					Оре	erating Grants	Ca	apital Grants		
			(Charges for		and		and	G	overnmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	C	ontributions	Contributions			Activities
Governmental activities										
Instruction	\$	35,014,806	\$	1,436,124	\$	4,212,294	\$	1,870,637	\$	(27,495,751)
Support services - students and staff		9,423,107				2,292,175				(7,130,932)
Support services - administration		2,994,183				282,135				(2,712,048)
Operation and maintenance of plant services		5,679,757		247,821		3,979,592		194,883		(1,257,461)
Student transportation services		3,547,415				236,815				(3,310,600)
Operation of non-instructional services		5,737,185		840,662		5,186,962				290,439
Interest on long-term debt		1,821,258				202,169				(1,619,089)
Total governmental activities	\$	64,217,711	\$	2,524,607	\$	16,392,142	\$	2,065,520	_	(43,235,442)
	Ger	neral revenues								
	Pı	roperty taxes								17,345,175
	In	vestment inco	me							717,178
	U	nrestricted sta	te ai	d						40,035,817
	U	nrestricted fed	eral	aid						484,304
		Total general	revei	nues						58,582,474
	Cha	inges in net po	sitio	n						15,347,032
	Net position, beginning of year							52,493,976		
	Net	position, end	of ye	ear					\$	67,841,008

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Fund Financial Statements

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

Federal	and	State
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	General		Grants		Debt Service		Bond Building	
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	10,090,584	\$		\$	3,663,200	\$	5,369,731
Deposits								
Property taxes receivable		215,918				59,289		
Due from governmental entities		6,748,774		4,685,298		60,071		
Due from other funds		1,508,417						
Prepaid items		4,540,000						
Inventory		120,193						
Accounts receivable		695,121						
Total assets	\$	23,919,007	\$	4,685,298	\$	3,782,560	\$	5,369,731
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	198,833	\$	324,342	\$		\$	4,944,606
Due to other funds				1,508,417				
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		641,131		397,704				
Unearned revenues				1,532,499				
Bonds payable						2,090,000		
Bond interest payable						918,130		
Total liabilities		839,964		3,762,962		3,008,130		4,944,606
Deferred inflows of resources								
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		167,050				45,929		
Unavailable revenues - intergovernmental				4,239,775				
Total deferred inflows of resources		167,050		4,239,775		45,929		
Fund balances								
Nonspendable		4,660,193						
Restricted						728,501		425,125
Unassigned		18,251,800		(3,317,439)				
Total fund balances		22,911,993		(3,317,439)		728,501		425,125
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources								
and fund balances	\$	23,919,007	\$	4,685,298	\$	3,782,560	\$	5,369,731

ı	Non-Major	Total					
G	overnmental	Governmenta					
	Funds		Funds				
\$	11,453,378	\$	30,576,893				
	65,519		65,519				
			275,207				
	2,370,950		13,865,093				
			1,508,417				
			4,540,000				
			120,193				
	721,372		1,416,493				
\$	14,611,219	\$	52,367,815				
\$	1,651,693	\$	7,119,474				
			1,508,417				
	215,685		1,254,520				
			1,532,499				
			2,090,000				
			918,130				
	1,867,378		14,423,040				
			212,979				
	2,032,384		6,272,159				
	2,032,384		6,485,138				
			4,660,193				
	10,711,457		11,865,083				
			14,934,361				
	10,711,457		31,459,637				
\$	14,611,219	\$	52,367,815				

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Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2023

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 31,459,637
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Governmental capital assets \$	162,237,208	
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization	(43,082,794)	110 154 414
Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenues in the funds.		119,154,414
Property taxes	212,979	
Intergovernmental	6,272,159	
		6,485,138
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	6,299,730	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(1,479,077)	
		4,820,653
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated absences payable	(1,950,912)	
Financed purchases payable	(1,255,510)	
Bonds payable	(47,842,141)	
Net pension liability	(43,030,271)	
		 (94,078,834)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 67,841,008

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Fed	eral and State				
	General		Grants	D	ebt Service	В	ond Building
Revenues							
Other local	\$ 1,150,139	\$	3,518	\$	68,535	\$	287,207
Property taxes	12,736,646				3,745,705		
State aid and grants	34,923,648		335,346				
Federal aid, grants and reimbursements	 484,304		6,107,809		202,169		
Total revenues	 49,294,737		6,446,673		4,016,409		287,207
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instruction	22,271,323		3,661,755				
Support services - students and staff	6,363,058		2,315,940				
Support services - administration	1,174,554		285,060				
Operation and maintenance of plant services	3,635,712		902,276				
Student transportation services	1,855,084		239,270				
Operation of non-instructional services	193,770		2,346				
Capital outlay	3,786,893		1,870,637				26,703,869
Debt service:							
Principal retirement					2,090,000		
Interest and fiscal charges	 				1,884,103		
Total expenditures	 39,280,394		9,277,284		3,974,103	_	26,703,869
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 10,014,343		(2,830,611)		42,306		(26,416,662)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	864,932				287,207		
Transfers out	(199,124)		(364,932)				(287,207)
Insurance recoveries	32,331						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	 6,280					_	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 704,419		(364,932)		287,207		(287,207)
Changes in fund balances	 10,718,762		(3,195,543)		329,513		(26,703,869)
Fund balances, beginning of year	 12,193,231		(121,896)		398,988		27,128,994
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 22,911,993	\$	(3,317,439)	\$	728,501	\$	425,125

ı	Non-Major	Total							
Go	overnmental	G	overnmental						
	Funds		Funds						
\$	2,501,449	\$	4,010,848						
	800,000		17,282,351						
	4,947,052		40,206,046						
	5,184,640		11,978,922						
	13,433,141		73,478,167						
	3,049,690		28,982,768						
	220,437		8,899,435						
	86,871		1,546,485						
	115,661		4,653,649						
	5,417		2,099,771						
	5,232,943	5,429,059							
	5,351,542		37,712,941						
	161,102		2,251,102						
	38,022		1,922,125						
	14,261,685		93,497,335						
	(828,544)	_	(20,019,168)						
	199,124		1,351,263						
	(500,000)		(1,351,263)						
			32,331						
			6,280						
	(300,876)	_	38,611						
	(1,129,420)	_	(19,980,557)						
	11,840,877		51,440,194						
\$	10,711,457	\$	31,459,637						

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (19,980,557)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report the portion of capital outlay for capitalized assets as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense.		
Expenditures for capitalized assets Less current year depreciation	\$ 31,780,284 (3,277,334)	28,502,950
Some revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Property taxes Intergovernmental	 62,824 5,902,678	5,965,502
Repayments of long-term debt principal are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		
Financed purchase principal retirement Bond principal retirement	 161,102 2,090,000	2,251,102
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position. The change in the net pension liability, adjusted for deferred items, is reported as pension expense in the Statement of Activities.		2,231,102
Current year pension contributions Pension expense	 3,797,410 (5,131,186)	(4 222 775)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(1,333,776)
Loss on disposal of assets Amortization of deferred bond items Compensated absences	 (2,045) 183,330 (239,474)	
Changes in net position in governmental activities		\$ (58,189) 15,347,032

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). This Statement increases the usefulness of the financial statements by requiring the recognition of certain assets and liabilities for SBITAs. This Statement also requires a government to disclose essential information about the arrangement. The District's analysis of SBITAs in effect at the beginning of the year resulted in no changes to beginning balances reported in the financial statements due to the implementation of this standard.

In addition, during the year the District consolidated individual reporting funds that were presented separately in the prior year financial statements. The consolidated funds include the Federal and State Grants Fund, Other Special Revenue Fund, and Other Capital Projects Fund.

The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Governing Board is organized under Section 15-321 of the Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.). Management of the District is independent of other state or local governments. The County Treasurer collects taxes for the District, but exercises no control over its expenditures/expenses.

The membership of the Governing Board consists of four members elected by the public. Under existing statutes, the Governing Board's duties and powers include, but are not limited to, the acquisition, maintenance and disposition of school property; the development and adoption of a school program; and the establishment, organization and operation of schools.

The Board also has broad financial responsibilities, including the approval of the annual budget, and the establishment of a system of accounting and budgetary controls.

The financial reporting entity consists of a primary government and its component units. A component unit is a legally separate entity that must be included in the reporting entity in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The District is a primary government because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Furthermore, there are no component units combined with the District for financial statement presentation purposes, and the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity. Consequently, the District's financial statements include only the funds of those organizational entities for which its elected governing board is financially accountable. The District's major operations include education, student transportation, construction and maintenance of District facilities, and food services.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) present financial information about the District as a whole. The reported information includes all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of internal activity has been removed from these statements. These statements are to distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District does not have any business-type activities or fiduciary activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to programs of functions. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, unrestricted federal, state aid, and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> — The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. As a general rule, the effect of internal activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements; however, the effects of interfund services provided and used between functions are reported as expenses and program revenues at amounts approximating their external exchange value.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> — Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. As permitted by generally accepted accounting principles the District applies the "early recognition" option for debt service payments. Property tax resources are provided in the Debt Service Fund during the current year for the payment of debt service principal and interest due early in the following year (less than one month). Therefore, the expenditures and related liabilities have been recognized in the current period. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of long-term debt and acquisitions under lease contracts and subscription-based information technology arrangements are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, state aid, tuition and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Food services and miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grants and similar awards are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider.

Delinquent property taxes and other receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as unavailable revenues on the governmental fund financial statements.

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all resources used to finance District maintenance and operation except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund includes the District's Maintenance and Operation Fund and the Unrestricted Capital Outlay Fund, as well as certain activities budgeted in separate funds in accordance with A.R.S. These funds are maintained as separate funds for budgetary purposes but do not meet the criteria for separate reporting in the financial statements.

<u>Federal and State Grants –</u> The Federal and State Grants Fund accounts for financial assistance received for federal and state grants and projects.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

<u>Bond Building Fund</u> – The Bond Building Fund accounts for proceeds from District bond issues that are expended on the acquisition or lease of sites; construction or renovation of school buildings; supplying school buildings with furniture, equipment, and technology; improving school grounds; or purchasing pupil transportation vehicles.

D. Cash and Investments

A.R.S. require the District to deposit all cash with the County Treasurer, except as discussed below. Cash with the County Treasurer is pooled for investment purposes, except for cash of the Debt Service and Bond Building Funds that may be invested separately. Interest earned from investments purchased with pooled monies is allocated to each of the District's funds based on their average balances. As required by statute, interest earnings of the Bond Building Fund are recorded initially in that fund, but then transferred to the Debt Service Fund. All investments are stated at fair value.

Statute authorizes the District to separately invest monies of the Bond Building and Debt Service Funds in the State Treasurer's investment pools; obligations issued and guaranteed by the United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds and notes; and interest bearing savings accounts or certificates of deposit.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Statute authorizes the District to deposit monies of the Auxiliary Operations and Student Activities Funds in bank accounts. Monies in these funds may also be invested. In addition, statute authorizes the District to maintain various bank accounts such as clearing accounts to temporarily deposit receipts before they are transmitted to the County Treasurer; revolving accounts to pay minor disbursements; and withholdings accounts for taxes and employee insurance programs. Some of these bank accounts may be interest bearing.

Statute does not include any requirements for credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, or foreign currency risk. Arizona statute requires a pooled collateral program for public deposits and a Statewide Collateral Pool Administrator (Administrator) in the State Treasurer's Office. The purpose of the pooled collateral program is to ensure that governmental entities' public deposits placed in participating depositories are secured with collateral of 102 percent of the public deposits, less any applicable federal depository insurance. An eligible depository may not retain or accept any public deposit unless it has deposited the required collateral with a qualified escrow agent or the Administrator. The Administrator manages the pooled collateral program, including reporting on each depository's compliance with the program.

E. Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments. Investment income is included in other local revenue in the governmental fund financial statements.

F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position.

All receivables, including property taxes receivable, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

G. Property Tax Calendar

The County Treasurer is responsible for collecting property taxes for all governmental entities within the county. The county levies real and personal property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

Pursuant to A.R.S., a lien against assessed real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy; however according to case law, an enforceable legal claim to the asset does not arise.

H. Inventory

All inventories are valued at cost using the average cost method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

I. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and improvements; buildings and improvements; vehicles, furniture, and equipment; and construction in progress, are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset. Intangible right-to-use assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease/subscription term or the underlying asset's useful life. The estimated useful lives and amortization periods are as follows:

Land improvements 10 - 20 years
Buildings and improvements 15 - 50 years
Vehicles, furniture and equipment 5 - 20 years

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

L. Compensated Absences

The District's employee vacation and sick leave policies generally provide for granting vacation and sick leave with pay in varying amounts. Only benefits considered vested are recognized in the financial statements. The liability for vacation and sick leave is reported in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee leave, resignations and retirements. Generally, resources from the General Fund are used to pay for compensated absences.

M. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

N. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Deferred amounts on refunding result from the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

O. Interfund Activity

Flows of cash from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated in the Statement of Activities. Interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds.

P. Net Position Flow Assumption

In the government-wide financial statements the District applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted amounts are available.

Q. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Fund Balance Classifications

Fund balances of the governmental funds are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on the use of those resources. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

Nonspendable. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted. Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed. The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Governing Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. The District does not have a formal policy or procedures for the utilization of committed fund balance, accordingly, no committed fund balance amounts are reported.

Assigned. Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Governing Board or a management official delegated that authority by the formal Governing Board action. The District does not have a formal policy or procedures for the utilization of assigned fund balance, accordingly, no assigned fund balance amounts are reported.

Unassigned. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Note 2 – Fund Balance Classifications

The table below provides detail of the major components of the District's fund balance classifications at year end.

								N	lon-Major
		F	ederal and					Go	vernmental
	 General	St	tate Grants	Debt	Service	Bond	Building		Funds
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable:									
Inventory	\$ 120,193	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Prepaid items	4,540,000								
Restricted:									
Debt service					728,501				
Capital projects									3,058,993
Bond building projects							425,125		
Voter approved initiatives									5,079,120
Food service									1,554,052
Civic center									225,970
Community schools									226,679
Extracurricular activities									91,957
Insurance refund									16,668
Student activities									62,279
Other purposes									395,739
Unassigned	 18,251,800		(3,317,439)						
Total fund balances	\$ 22,911,993	\$	(3,317,439)	\$	728,501	\$	425,125	\$	10,711,457

Note 3 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

<u>Individual Deficit Fund Balances</u> – At year end, the following individual major governmental fund reported a deficit in fund balance.

	 Deficit
Major Fund:	
Federal and State Grants	\$ 3,317,439

The deficit arose because of pending grant reimbursements. Additional revenues received in fiscal year 2023-24 are expected to eliminate the deficit.

<u>Excess Expenditures Over Budget</u> — At year end, the District had expenditures in funds that exceeded the budgets, however this does not constitute a violation of any legal provisions.

Note 4 – Cash and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$313,003 and the bank balance was \$4,905,576. At year end, \$4,748,688 of the District's deposits were covered by collateral held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Fair Value Measurements. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets
- Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs
- Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs

The County Treasurer's pool is an external investment pool with no regulatory oversight. The pool is not required to register (and is not registered) with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The fair value of each participant's position in the County Treasurer investment pool approximates the value of the participant's shares in the pool and the participants' shares are not identified with specific investments. Participants in the pool are not required to categorize the value of shares in accordance with the fair value hierarchy.

At year end, the District's investments consisted of the following:

	Average				
County Treasurer's investment pool	469 days	\$	25,723,890		

Interest Rate Risk. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of year end, the District's investment in the County Treasurer's investment pool did not receive a credit quality rating from a national rating agency.

Custodial Credit Risk — Investments. The District's investment in the County Treasurer's investment pool represents a proportionate interest in the pool's portfolio; however, the District's portion is not identified with specific investments and is not subject to custodial credit risk.

Note 5 – Receivables

Receivable balances, net of allowance for uncollectibles, have been disaggregated by type and presented separately in the financial statements with the exception of due from governmental entities. Due from governmental entities, net of allowance for uncollectibles, as of year end for the District's individual major funds and non-major governmental funds in the aggregate, were as follows:

						N	Ion-Major
		F	ederal and			Gov	vernmental
	 General	St	ate Grants	De	bt Service		Funds
Due from other governmental entities:							
Due from federal government	\$	\$	4,680,738	\$	60,071	\$	62,720
Due from state government	 6,748,774		4,560				2,308,230
Net due from governmental entities	\$ 6,748,774	\$	4,685,298	\$	60,071	\$	2,370,950

Note 6 – Capital Assets

A summary of capital asset activity for the current fiscal year follows:

		Beginning			Ending
Governmental Activities		Balance	Increase	 Decrease	Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	17,623,871	\$	\$	\$ 17,623,871
Construction in progress		6,244,927	 30,665,495	 6,029,514	 30,880,908
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		23,868,798	 30,665,495	 6,029,514	 48,504,779
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Land improvements		2,932,955	1,182,492		4,115,447
Buildings and improvements		92,815,586	4,726,761		97,542,347
Vehicles, furniture and equipment	_	11,144,555	 1,235,050	 304,970	 12,074,635
Total capital assets being depreciated		106,893,096	 7,144,303	 304,970	 113,732,429
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land improvements		(1,390,567)	(150,802)		(1,541,369)
Buildings and improvements		(31,276,942)	(2,465,738)		(33,742,680)
Vehicles, furniture and equipment		(7,440,876)	(660,794)	 (302,925)	(7,798,745)
Total accumulated depreciation		(40,108,385)	 (3,277,334)	 (302,925)	 (43,082,794)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	66,784,711	 3,866,969	 2,045	 70,649,635
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	90,653,509	\$ 34,532,464	\$ 6,031,559	\$ 119,154,414

Note 6 – Capital Assets

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 2,259,096
Support services – students and staff	21,384
Support services – administration	140,291
Operation and maintenance of plant services	541,252
Student transportation services	252,633
Operation of non-instructional services	62,678
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 3,277,334

<u>Construction Commitments</u> — At year end, the District had contractual commitments related to new school construction projects at Alamar Elementary School. At year end the District had spent \$30.9 million on the projects and had estimated remaining contractual commitments of \$2.4 million. These projects are being funded with bond proceeds.

Note 7 – Short Term Debt – Line of Credit

The District has a \$7.5 million line of credit to provide cash flow during the year to mitigate the impact of timing differences of expenditures and the receipt of state aid and property tax revenues. At year end, the District had \$7.5 million in unused line of credit. The District did not use its line of credit during the fiscal year.

Note 8 – Financed Purchases Payable

The District has acquired energy upgrades under the provisions of a contract classified as a financed purchase payable. Revenues from the General Fund are transferred to the Other Capital Projects Fund to pay the obligation.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on financed purchases payable at year end are summarized as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
Year ending June 30:		Principal		Interest			
2024	\$	165,426	\$	33,698			
2025		169,867		29,258			
2026		174,426		24,699			
2027		179,107		20,017			
2028		183,915		15,210			
2029-30		382,769		15,479			
Total	\$	1,255,510	\$	138,361			

Note 9 – General Obligation Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at year end, consisted of the following outstanding general obligation bonds. Of the amount originally authorized, none remains unissued. The bonds are both callable and noncallable with interest payable semiannually. Property taxes from the Debt Service Fund are used to pay bonded debt. The District's legal debt limit is \$83.8 million and the available margin is \$34.8 million. In addition, a portion of the District's school improvements bonds are Qualified Build America Bonds (BABS). The District receives a direct subsidy payment from the United States of America for a portion of the interest payment due on the bonds.

	C	Original				0	utstanding		
	А	mount	Interest		Remaining		Principal		ue Within
Purpose		Issued	Rates		Maturities	Ju	ne 30, 2023	One Year	
Governmental activities:									
General obligation bonds:									
School Improvement Bonds									
Project of 2009, Series A-1 (Qualified									
School Construction Bonds) (2010)	\$	4,600,000	6.62%		7/1/23-27	\$	2,325,000	\$	455,000
School Improvement Bonds									
Project of 2014, Series A (2015)	:	11,860,000	3.0-4.0%	,)	7/1/23-32		9,485,000		925,000
School Improvement Bonds									
Project of 2017, Series D (2021)	:	12,610,000	3.0-4.0%	,)	7/1/31-40		12,610,000		
School Improvement Bonds									
Project of 2021, Series A (2022)	;	14,140,000	3.0-5.0%	,	7/1/24-41		14,140,000		
Private placement bonds:									
School Improvement Bonds									
Project of 2014, Series B (2017)		2,390,000	2.17%		7/1/23-29		1,605,000		190,000
School Improvement Bonds									
Project of 2017, Series A (2018)		3,750,000	2.96%		7/1/23-31		3,510,000		80,000
School Improvement Bonds									
Project of 2017, Series B (2019)		2,000,000	2.75%		7/1/23-30		1,930,000		40,000
School Improvement Bonds									
Project of 2017, Series C (2020)		2,950,000	1.00%		7/1/23-25	_	1,150,000		400,000
Total						\$	46,755,000	\$	2,090,000

Note 9 – General Obligation Bonds Payable

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on general obligation bonds at year end are summarized as follows:

	Governmental Activities								
		General Obli	gati	on Bonds		Private Place	mer	nt Bonds	
Year ending June 30:		Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest		
2024	\$	1,380,000	\$	1,603,880	\$	710,000	\$	197,643	
2025		1,460,000		1,544,705		1,155,000		184,539	
2026		1,540,000		1,477,574		505,000		167,030	
2027		1,895,000		1,396,612		585,000		152,492	
2028		1,975,000		1,306,818		645,000		135,935	
2029-33		8,910,000		5,506,158		4,595,000		236,679	
2034-38		12,925,000		3,041,125					
2039-42		8,475,000		729,625					
Total	\$	38,560,000	\$	16,606,497	\$	8,195,000	\$	1,074,318	

Note 10 – Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the current fiscal year was as follows:

	Beginning						Ending		Due Within	
		Balance		Additions	Reductions		Balance		One Year	
Governmental activities:										
Bonds payable:										
General obligation bonds	\$	39,610,000	\$		\$	1,050,000	\$	38,560,000	\$	1,380,000
Private placement general										
obligation bonds		9,835,000				1,640,000		8,195,000		710,000
Premium		3,360,471				183,330		3,177,141		
Total bonds payable	_	52,805,471				2,873,330		49,932,141		2,090,000
Financed purchases payable		1,416,612				161,102		1,255,510		165,426
Net pension liability		35,016,917		8,013,354				43,030,271		
Compensated absences payable		1,711,438		826,350		586,876		1,950,912		150,000
Total long-term liabilities	\$	90,950,438	\$	8,839,704	\$	3,621,308	\$	96,168,834	\$	2,405,426

Note 11 – Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

At year end, interfund balances were as follows:

Due to/from other funds – At year end, the Federal and State Grants Fund had negative cash balances in the Treasurer's pooled cash accounts of \$1,508,417. Negative cash on deposit with the County Treasurer was reduced by interfund borrowing with the General Fund. All interfund balances are expected to be paid within one year.

Interfund transfers:

	Transfers in								
			Debt Service Governmental						
Transfers out	Ger	neral Fund		Fund		Funds		Total	
General	\$		\$		\$	199,124	\$	199,124	
Federal and State Grants		364,932						364,932	
Bond Building				287,207				287,207	
Non-Major Governmental Funds		500,000						500,000	
Total	\$	864,932	\$	287,207	\$	199,124	\$	1,351,263	

Transfers between funds were used to 1) move investment income earned in the Bond Building Fund, that are required by statute to be expended in the Debt Service Fund, 2) to move federal grant funds restricted for indirect costs, and 3) to move energy savings between the General Fund and the Other Capital Projects Fund, a non-major governmental fund, for the payment of the energy efficient upgrades financed purchase.

Note 12 - Contingent Liabilities

<u>Compliance</u> – Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures/expenses that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 13 - Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District was unable to obtain general property and liability insurance at a cost it considered to be economically justifiable. Therefore, the District joined the Arizona School Risk Retention Trust, Inc. (ASRRT). ASRRT is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for school districts and community colleges in the State. The District pays an annual premium to ASRRT for its general insurance coverage. The agreement provides that ASRRT will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of specified amounts.

The District's employees have health and accident insurance coverage with the Valley Schools Employee Benefit Trust (VSEBT). VSEBT is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for school districts in the State. The District pays a monthly premium equivalent to VSEBT for employees' health and accident insurance coverage. The agreement provides that VSEBT will be self-sustaining through members' premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of specified amounts for each insured event.

The District joined the Arizona School Alliance for Workers' Compensation, Inc. (Alliance) together with other school districts in the state for risks of loss related to workers' compensation claims. The Alliance is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for school districts in the state. The District pays quarterly premiums to the Alliance for its employee workers' compensation coverage. The agreement provides that the Alliance will be self-sustaining through members' premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of specified amounts for each insured event.

Note 14 – Pensions

Plan Description. District employees participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. ASRS is a component unit of the State of Arizona. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the ASRS website at www.azasrs.gov.

Note 14 – Pensions

The ASRS OPEB plans are not further disclosed because of their relative insignificance to the District's financial statements.

Benefits Provided. The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

Retirement Initial Membership Date:

		F
	Before July 1, 2011	On or After July 1, 2011
Years of service and age	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years, age 55
required to receive	10 years, age 62	25 years, age 60
benefit	5 years, age 50*	10 years, age 62
	Any years, age 65	5 years, age 50*
		Any years, age 65
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 months of last 120 months	Highest 60 months of last 120 months
Daniel St. and and a state of the state of t	2.40/ += 2.20/	2.40/ += 2.20/
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%
	*\A/:+ +::-	

^{*}With actuarially reduced benefits

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earnings. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the survivor benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Contributions. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the current fiscal year, active ASRS members were required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.17 percent (12.03 percent for retirement and 0.14 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and the District was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.17 percent (11.92 percent for retirement, 0.11 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.14 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. The District's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 were \$3,797,410.

Note 14 – Pensions

Employers are also required to pay an Alternate Contribution Rate (ACR), for retired members who return to work in positions that would typically be filled by an employee who contributes to ASRS. The District was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 9.68 percent (9.62 for retirement and 0.06 percent for long-term disability). ACR contributions are included in employer contributions presented above.

The District's pension plan contributions are paid by the same funds as the employee's salary, with the largest component coming from the General Fund.

Pension Liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The total liability used to calculate the net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 20201 to the measurement date of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net liability was based on the District's actual contributions to the applicable plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2022.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported the following amounts for its proportionate share of the pension plan net liability. In addition, at June 30, 2022, the District's percentage proportion for the plan and the related change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021 was:

N	et	District	In	crease		
Liab	ility %	6 Proportio	n (De	(Decrease)		
\$ 43,0	030,271	0.2	264	(0.003)		

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources. The District has deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the net pension liability. Certain changes in the net pension liability are recognized as pension expense over a period of time rather than the year of occurrence. The District's pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$5,131,186.

Note 14 – Pensions

The District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	I	Deferred		Deferred
	O	utflows of	I	nflows of
	R	esources	R	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	366,644	\$	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		2,135,676		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension investments				1,133,459
Changes in proportion and differences between				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions				345,618
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,797,410		
Total	\$	6,299,730	\$	1,479,077

The amounts of deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date as reported in the table above will be recognized as an adjustment of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	
2024	\$ 1,831,271
2025	(654,231)
2026	(1,967,951)
2027	1,814,154

Note 14 – Pensions

Actuarial Assumptions. The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.0%
Inflation	2.3%
Projected salary increases	2.9-8.4%
Permanent base increases	Included
Mortality rates	2017 SRA Scale U-MP

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020. The purpose of the experience study was to review actual experience in relation to the actuarial assumptions in effect. The ASRS Board adopted the experience study recommended changes which were applied to the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS plan investments was determined to be 7.0 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, excluding any expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term		
		Expected		
	Target	Geometric Real		
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return		
Equity	50%	3.90%		
Credit	20	5.30		
Interest rate sensitive bonds	10	(0.20)		
Real estate	20	6.00		
Total	100%			

Note 14 – Pensions

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease Discoun		scount Rate	ount Rate 1		
Rate		6.0%		7.0%		8.0%
Net liability	\$	63,489,886	\$	43,030,271	\$	25,970,149

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report. The report is available on the ASRS website at www.azasrs.gov.

Required Supplementary Information

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Buc	lget	_		
			Non-GAAP	Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
Revenues					
Other local	\$	\$	\$ 15,580	\$ 15,580	
Property taxes			10,174,157	10,174,157	
State aid and grants			33,634,190	33,634,190	
Federal aid, grants and reimbursements					
Total revenues			43,823,927	43,823,927	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction	27,173,720	27,555,499	26,132,294	1,423,205	
Support services - students and staff	6,766,209	6,838,186	6,363,053	475,133	
Support services - administration	5,433,309	5,443,309	4,834,751	608,558	
Operation and maintenance of plant services	4,234,374	3,770,618	3,764,853	5,765	
Student transportation services	2,311,730	2,311,730	1,914,347	397,383	
Operation of non-instructional services	317,304	317,304	211,077	106,227	
Total expenditures	46,236,646	46,236,646	43,220,375	3,016,271	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(46,236,646)	(46,236,646)	603,552	46,840,198	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers out			(199,124)	(199,124)	
Total other financing sources (uses)			(199,124)	(199,124)	
Changes in fund balances	(46,236,646)	(46,236,646)	404,428	46,641,074	
Fund balances, beginning of year			3,120,634	3,120,634	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (46,236,646)	\$ (46,236,646)	\$ 3,525,062	\$ 49,761,708	

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Federal and State Grants For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Buc	lget		
				Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues				
Other local	\$	\$	\$ 3,518	-/
State aid and grants			335,346	335,346
Federal aid, grants and reimbursements			6,107,809	6,107,809
Total revenues			6,446,673	6,446,673
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction	6,738,135	7,540,904	3,661,755	3,879,149
Support services - students and staff	4,261,650	4,769,375	2,315,940	2,453,435
Support services - administration	524,550	587,044	285,060	301,984
Operation and maintenance of plant services	1,660,313	1,858,119	902,276	955,843
Student transportation services	440,290	492,745	239,270	253,475
Operation of non-instructional services	4,317	4,831	2,346	2,485
Capital outlay	3,442,231	3,852,332	1,870,637	1,981,695
Total expenditures	17,071,485	19,105,350	9,277,284	9,828,066
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(17,071,485)	(19,105,350)	(2,830,611)	16,274,739
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers out			(364,932)	(364,932)
Total other financing sources (uses)			(364,932)	(364,932)
Changes in fund balances	(17,071,485)	(19,105,350)	(3,195,543)	15,909,807
Fund balances, beginning of year			(121,896)	(121,896)
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (17,071,485)	\$ (19,105,350)	\$ (3,317,439)	\$ 15,787,911

Standard School District/Government Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Arizona State Retirement System Last Nine Fiscal Years

	<u>2023</u>			<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>		
Measurement date	June 30, 2022			June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020			June 30, 2019	
District's proportion of the net pension (assets) liability		0.26%		0.27%		0.27%		0.26%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension (assets) liability	\$	43,030,271	\$	35,016,917	\$	46,360,570	\$	37,411,041	
District's covered payroll	\$	31,362,290	\$	29,918,335	\$	29,200,096	\$	27,075,957	
District's proportionate share of the net pension (assets) liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		137.20%		117.04%		158.77%		138.17%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		74.26%		78.58%		69.33%		73.24%	

Schedule of Pension Contributions Arizona State Retirement System Last Nine Fiscal Years

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>		
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 3,797,410	\$ 3,766,611	\$ 3,485,486	\$	3,343,411	
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	3,797,410	3,766,611	3,485,486		3,343,411	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		
District's covered payroll	\$ 31,857,466	\$ 31,362,290	\$ 29,918,335	\$	29,200,096	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.92%	12.01%	11.65%		11.45%	

NOTE: The pension schedules in the required supplementary information are intended to show information for ten years, and additional information will be displayed as it becomes available.

<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2017</u> <u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>
June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016		June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
0.24%	0.24%	0.24%		0.25%	0.25%
\$ 33,595,677	\$ 37,521,293	\$ 38,325,201	\$	38,849,925	\$ 36,326,109
\$ 23,922,110	\$ 23,172,968	\$ 22,266,700	\$	23,064,702	\$ 22,117,589
140.44%	161.92%	172.12%		168.44%	164.24%
73.40%	69.92%	67.06%		68.35%	69.49%

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>
\$	3,027,092	\$ 2,607,510	\$ 2,498,046	\$ 2,415,937	\$	2,511,746
	3,027,092	 2,607,510	2,498,046	 2,415,937		2,511,746
\$		\$	\$	\$	\$	
\$	27,075,957	\$ 23,922,110	\$ 23,172,968	\$ 22,266,700	\$ \$	23,064,702

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2023

Note 1 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The District budget is prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, except for the following items.

- Certain activities reported in the General Fund are budgeted in separate funds in accordance with Arizona Revised Statutes.
- Prepaid items are budgeted in the year prepaid.
- Employee insurance expenditures are budgeted in the year the employee insurance account is funded.

The following schedule reconciles expenditures and fund balances at the end of year:

			Fund		
		Total		Balances	
	Ex	penditures	E	nd of Year	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in					
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	39,280,394	\$	22,911,993	
Activity budgeted as special revenue funds		(1,002,497)		(5,026,355)	
Activity budgeted as capital projects funds		(3,779,080)		(4,729,435)	
Current-year prepaid items		5,003,463		(5,003,463)	
Prior-year prepaid items		(396,688)			
Employee insurance account		4,114,783		(4,627,678)	
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in					
Fund Balances – Budget and Actual - General Fund	\$	43,220,375	\$	3,525,062	

Note 2 – Pension Plan Schedules

Actuarial Assumptions for Valuations Performed. The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated, which is the most recent actuarial valuation. The actuarial assumptions used are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Factors that Affect Trends. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020. The purpose of the experience study was to review actual experience in relation to the actuarial assumptions in effect. The ASRS Board adopted the experience study recommended changes which were applied to the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation.

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

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Governmental Funds

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Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

<u>Classroom Site</u> – to account for the financial activity for the portion of state sales tax collections and permanent state school fund earnings as approved by the voters in 2000.

<u>Instructional Improvement</u> – to account for the activity of monies received from gaming revenue.

<u>Food Service</u> – to account for the financial activity of school activities that have as their purpose the preparation and serving of regular and incidental meals and snacks in connection with school functions.

<u>Other Special Revenue Funds</u> — to account for the revenues and expenditures of other special revenue activities, including the following: civic center, community school, extracurricular activities fees tax credit, and student activities.

Capital Projects Funds

<u>Adjacent Ways</u> – to account for monies received to finance improvements of public ways adjacent to school property.

<u>Other Capital Projects Funds</u> – to account for the revenues and expenditures of other capital projects activities, including the following: school plant, energy water and savings, and building renewal grant.

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2023

Special Revenue Funds

	Instructional			Other Special				
	Cla	ssroom Site	Imp	rovement	F	ood Service		Revenue
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	4,381,737	\$	628,038	\$	2,383,917	\$	997,104
Deposits						65,519		
Due from governmental entities				275,846		62,720		
Accounts receivable								42,257
Total assets	\$	4,381,737	\$	903,884	\$	2,512,156	\$	1,039,361
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$	954,459	\$	14,530
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		206,501				3,645		5,539
Total liabilities		206,501				958,104		20,069
Deferred inflows of resources								
Unavailable revenues - intergovernmental								
Total deferred inflows of resources	_						_	
Fund balances								
Restricted		4,175,236		903,884		1,554,052		1,019,292
Total fund balances		4,175,236		903,884		1,554,052		1,019,292
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources								
and fund balances	\$	4,381,737	\$	903,884	\$	2,512,156	\$	1,039,361

Capital Projects Funds

	·	-		Tot	al Non-Major					
		0	ther Capital	Go	overnmental					
Adj	jacent Ways		Projects		Funds					
\$	2,479,956	\$	582,626	\$	11,453,378					
					65,519					
			2,032,384		2,370,950					
			679,115		721,372					
\$	2,479,956	\$	3,294,125	\$	14,611,219					
\$		\$	682,704	\$	1,651,693					
					215,685					
			682,704		1,867,378					
			2,032,384		2,032,384					
			2,032,384		2,032,384					
	2,479,956		579,037		10,711,457					
	2,479,956		579,037		10,711,457					
\$	2,479,956	\$	3,294,125	\$	14,611,219					

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Cla	ssroom Site		structional provement	Fo	ood Service	0	ther Special Revenue
Revenues						_		
Other local	\$	57,493	\$	17,999	\$	686,076	\$	453,438
Property taxes								
State aid and grants		4,376,119		376,050				
Federal aid, grants and reimbursements						5,184,640		
Total revenues		4,433,612		394,049		5,870,716		453,438
Expenditures								
Current:								
Instruction		2,920,993						128,697
Support services - students and staff		193,383		9,086				17,968
Support services - administration						9,409		77,462
Operation and maintenance of plant services						704		114,957
Student transportation services								5,417
Operation of non-instructional services						5,232,943		
Capital outlay						701,478		30,304
Debt service:								
Principal retirement								
Interest and fiscal charges								
Total expenditures		3,114,376		9,086		5,944,534		374,805
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures				224.252		(70.010)		
excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		1,319,236		384,963		(73,818)		78,633
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in								
Transfers out						(500,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)						(500,000)		
· ,								
Changes in fund balances		1,319,236		384,963		(573,818)		78,633
Fund balances, beginning of year		2,856,000		518,921		2,127,870		940,659
Fund balances, end of year	\$	4,175,236	\$	903,884	\$	1,554,052	\$	1,019,292
•	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>			_	<u> </u>

Capital Projects F

-		,000.		Tot	al Non-Major
		0	ther Capital	Go	overnmental
Ad	jacent Ways		Projects		Funds
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
\$	42,322	\$	1,244,121	\$	2,501,449
	800,000				800,000
			194,883		4,947,052
					5,184,640
	842,322		1,439,004		13,433,141
					3,049,690
					220,437
					86,871
					115,661
					5,417
					5,232,943
	1,860,498		2,759,262		5,351,542
			161,102		161,102
			38,022		38,022
	1,860,498		2,958,386		14,261,685
	(1,018,176)		(1,519,382)		(828,544)
			199,124		199,124 (500,000)
			100 124		
_			199,124	-	(300,876)
	(1,018,176)		(1,320,258)		(1,129,420)
	3,498,132		1,899,295		11,840,877
\$	2,479,956	\$	579,037	\$	10,711,457

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Classroom Site For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	 Buc	lget				
					V	ariance with
	Original		Final	Actual	F	inal Budget
Revenues						
Other local	\$	\$		\$ 57,493	\$	57,493
State aid and grants	 			4,376,119		4,376,119
Total revenues	 			 4,433,612		4,433,612
Expenditures						
Current:						
Instruction	7,136,347		6,751,683	2,920,993		3,830,690
Support services - students and staff	195,265		195,265	193,383		1,882
Support services - administration	 527,097		340,537	 		340,537
Total expenditures	 7,858,709		7,287,485	 3,114,376		4,173,109
Changes in fund balances	 (7,858,709)		(7,287,485)	 1,319,236		8,606,721
Fund balances, beginning of year	 			 2,856,000		2,856,000
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (7,858,709)	\$	(7,287,485)	\$ 4,175,236	\$	11,462,721

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Instructional Improvement For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget		
			Variance with
	Original and Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues			
Other local	\$	\$ 17,999	\$ 17,999
State aid and grants		376,050	376,050
Total revenues		394,049	394,049
Expenditures			
Current:			
Support services - students and staff	296,000	9,086	286,914
Total expenditures	296,000	9,086	286,914
Changes in fund balances	(296,000)	384,963	680,963
Fund balances, beginning of year		518,921	518,921
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (296,000)	\$ 903,884	\$ 1,199,884

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Food Service

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Budget			
					Variance with
	Origina	ıl	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues					
Other local	\$	\$		\$ 686,076	\$ 686,076
Federal aid, grants and reimbursements				5,184,640	5,184,640
Total revenues				5,870,716	5,870,716
Expenditures					
Current:					
Support services - administration	-	7,597	8,974	9,409	(435)
Operation and maintenance of plant services		568	671	704	(33)
Operation of non-instructional services	4,22	5,416	4,991,272	5,232,943	(241,671)
Capital outlay	560	5,419	669,082	701,478	(32,396)
Total expenditures	4,800	0,000	5,670,000	5,944,534	(274,534)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(4,800	0,000)	(5,670,000)	(73,818)	5,596,182
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers out				(500,000)	(500,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)				(500,000)	(500,000)
Changes in fund balances	(4,800	0,000)	(5,670,000)	(573,818)	5,096,182
Fund balances, beginning of year				2,127,870	2,127,870
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (4,800	0,000) \$	(5,670,000)	\$ 1,554,052	\$ 7,224,052

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Other Special Revenue For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Bud	lget				
	,					Va	riance with
		Original		Final	Actual	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues							
Other local	\$		\$		\$ 453,438	\$	453,438
State aid and grants							
Federal aid, grants and reimbursements							
Total revenues					453,438		453,438
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instruction		228,788		306,544	128,697		177,847
Support services - students and staff		31,942		42,798	17,968		24,830
Support services - administration		137,706		184,507	77,462		107,045
Operation and maintenance of plant services		204,362		273,817	114,957		158,860
Student transportation services		9,630		12,903	5,417		7,486
Operation of non-instructional services							
Capital outlay		53,872		72,181	 30,304		41,877
Total expenditures		666,300		892,750	 374,805		517,945
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(666,300)		(892,750)	 78,633		971,383
Changes in fund balances		(666,300)		(892,750)	 78,633		971,383
Fund balances, beginning of year					 940,659		940,659
Fund balances, end of year	\$	(666,300)	\$	(892,750)	\$ 1,019,292	\$	1,912,042

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Debt Service

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Bud	lget				
						Va	riance with
		Original		Final	Actual	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues							
Other local	\$		\$		\$ 68,535	\$	68,535
Property taxes					3,745,705		3,745,705
Federal aid, grants and reimbursements					 202,169		202,169
Total revenues					 4,016,409		4,016,409
Expenditures							
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		2,090,000		2,090,000	2,090,000		
Interest and fiscal charges		1,380,000		4,252,600	 1,884,103		2,368,497
Total expenditures		3,470,000		6,342,600	 3,974,103	_	2,368,497
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(3,470,000)		(6,342,600)	42,306		6,384,906
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in					287,207		287,207
Total other financing sources (uses)					 287,207		287,207
Changes in fund balances		(3,470,000)		(6,342,600)	 329,513		6,672,113
Fund balances, beginning of year	_				 398,988		398,988
Fund balances, end of year	\$	(3,470,000)	\$	(6,342,600)	\$ 728,501	\$	7,071,101

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Adjacent Ways For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget		
			Variance with
	Original and Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues			
Other local	\$	\$ 42,322	\$ 42,322
Property taxes		800,000	800,000
Total revenues		842,322	842,322
Expenditures			
Capital outlay	3,188,338	1,860,498	1,327,840
Total expenditures	3,188,338	1,860,498	1,327,840
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(3,188,338)	(1,018,176)	2,170,162
Changes in fund balances	(3,188,338)	(1,018,176)	2,170,162
		2 422 422	0.400.400
Fund balances, beginning of year		3,498,132	3,498,132
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (3,188,338)	\$ 2,479,956	\$ 5,668,294
i unu valances, enu or year	7 (3,188,338)	2,473,330	7,000,234

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Bond Building

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget			
			Va	ariance with
	Original and Final	Actual	F	inal Budget
Revenues				
Other local	\$	\$ 287,207	\$	287,207
Total revenues		 287,207		287,207
Expenditures				
Capital outlay	25,000,000	26,703,869		(1,703,869)
Total expenditures	25,000,000	26,703,869		(1,703,869)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(25,000,000)	(26,416,662)		(1,416,662)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in				
Transfers out		(287,207)		(287,207)
Total other financing sources (uses)		 (287,207)		(287,207)
Changes in fund balances	(25,000,000)	 (26,703,869)		(1,703,869)
Fund balances, beginning of year		 27,128,994		27,128,994
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (25,000,000)	\$ 425,125	\$	25,425,125

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Other Capital Projects For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Bu	dget		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues				
Other local	\$	\$	\$ 1,244,121	\$ 1,244,121
State aid and grants			194,883	194,883
Total revenues			1,439,004	1,439,004
Expenditures				
Capital outlay	2,160,000	2,460,101	2,759,262	(299,161)
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	161,102	161,102	161,102	
Interest and fiscal charges	38,022	38,022	38,022	
Total expenditures	2,359,124	2,659,225	2,958,386	(299,161)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,359,124)	(2,659,225)	(1,519,382)	1,139,843
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in			199,124	199,124
Total other financing sources (uses)			199,124	199,124
Changes in fund balances	(2,359,124)	(2,659,225)	(1,320,258)	1,338,967
Fund balances, beginning of year			1,899,295	1,899,295
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (2,359,124)	<u>\$ (2,659,225)</u>	\$ 579,037	\$ 3,238,262

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Statistical Section

The statistical section presents financial statement trends as well as detailed financial and operational information not available elsewhere in the report. The statistical section is intended to enhance the reader's understanding of the information presented in the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and other supplementary information presented in this report. The statistical section is comprised of the five categories of statistical information presented below.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain information on financial trends to help the reader understand how the District's financial position and financial activities have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the District's ability to generate revenue.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader evaluate the District's current levels of outstanding debt as well as assess the District's ability to make debt payments and/or issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules present various demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment in which the District's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons with other school districts.

Operating Information

These schedules contain information about the District's operations and various resources to help the reader draw conclusions as to how the District's financial information relates to the services provided by the District.

Note: For locally assessed property (i.e., excluding mines, utilities, etc.) Proposition 117, approved by voters in 2012, amended the Arizona Constitution to require that all property taxes after fiscal year 2014-15 be based upon property values limited to 5 percent in annual growth. The aggregate assessed value of all taxable properties within a taxing jurisdiction (i.e., after applying assessment ratios based on the use of a property), including property values with a growth limit, is currently referred to as net limited assessed value and formerly as primary assessed value. In accordance with Proposition 117, this value is used for all taxing purposes beginning fiscal year 2015-16. Aggregate assessed value without a growth limit is currently referred to as net full cash assessed value and formerly as secondary assessed value. This remains the value utilized for determining debt capacity limits.

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 **Net Position:** Net investment in capital assets 54,663,649 68,391,888 63,560,420 60,787,385 56,313,462 Restricted 23,692,277 17,088,358 11,142,928 9,256,546 7,660,471 Unrestricted (24,243,157)(28,154,802)(28,763,251) (27,912,254)(24,133,528)67,841,008 52,493,976 43,167,062 38,190,592 37,657,754 Total net position **2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 Net Position:** Net investment in capital assets 54,284,981 55,002,861 53,316,103 54,510,270 54,642,657 8,465,090 7,095,095 Restricted 5,821,136 6,484,625 6,437,446 Unrestricted (29,328,719) (30,960,414)(30,772,236) (30,368,781)6,445,823 Total net position 33,421,352 29,863,583 29,638,962 30,626,114 67,525,926

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Expenses, Program Revenues, and Net (Expense)/Revenue Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30 2022 2021 2020 2019 2023 **Expenses** Instruction 35,014,806 32,514,720 \$ 30,786,791 30,572,464 25,459,688 8,815,879 Support services - students and staff 9,423,107 8,917,557 8,256,769 6,684,359 2,994,183 5,613,793 Support services - administration 6,084,722 5,895,244 6,701,801 Operation and maintenance of plant services 5,679,757 4,770,135 4,958,511 4,415,197 4,000,697 Student transportation services 3,547,415 2,328,797 2,003,696 2,643,820 2,100,998 Operation of non-instructional services 5,737,185 3,106,342 5,047,938 4,968,174 4,847,184 Interest on long-term debt 1,821,258 1,124,199 891,774 1,050,556 988,854 **Total expenses** 64,217,711 60,587,314 56,458,237 58,688,545 49,816,563 **Program Revenues** Charges for services: 423,979 399,096 201,168 Instruction 1,436,124 81,436 Operation of non-instructional services 840,662 211,582 24,082 472,620 560,625 Other activities 256,852 247,821 399,433 288,279 210,135 Operating grants and contributions 16,392,142 14,555,639 9,746,888 7,584,157 8,078,792 Capital grants and contributions 2,065,520 2,684,843 4,378,637 298,977 718,949 20,982,269 17,932,933 14,861,865 8,964,985 9,816,386 Total program revenues Net (Expense)/Revenue (43,235,442)(42,654,381)(41,596,372) (49,723,560) (40,000,177)

(Continued)

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Expenses, Program Revenues, and Net (Expense)/Revenue Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u> 2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	2014
Expenses					
Instruction	\$ 23,382,170	\$ 23,799,099	\$ 24,800,192	\$ 25,085,857	\$ 22,603,709
Support services - students and staff	6,388,519	6,436,126	6,576,747	6,629,917	6,344,537
Support services - administration	5,022,793	5,347,981	4,867,489	4,865,915	4,211,655
Operation and maintenance of plant services	3,786,287	3,797,582	3,555,273	3,973,182	4,016,325
Student transportation services	1,893,209	1,767,152	1,854,233	1,908,702	1,798,976
Operation of non-instructional services	4,654,832	4,708,568	3,649,787	3,781,271	3,655,958
Interest on long-term debt	893,913	878,066	963,926	601,005	822,268
Total expenses	46,021,723	46,734,574	46,267,647	46,845,849	43,453,428
Program Revenues					
Charges for services:					
Instruction	147,972	266,007	308,993	325,380	204,209
Operation of non-instructional services	546,913	456,641	335,439	350,253	397,405
Other activities	257,972	182,132	293,180	210,385	239,786
Operating grants and contributions	7,081,956	7,054,231	7,108,886	6,919,745	8,357,119
Capital grants and contributions	402,609	735,730	165,115	229,493	322,790
Total program revenues	8,437,422	8,694,741	8,211,613	8,035,256	9,521,309
Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$ (37,584,301)	\$ (38,039,833)	\$ (38,056,034)	\$ (38,810,593)	\$ (33,932,119)

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

(Concluded)

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 General Revenues and Total Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30

	Fiscal feat Effice Julie 30										
	<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		
Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$ (43,235,442)	\$	(42,654,381)	\$	(41,596,372)	\$	(49,723,560)	\$	(40,000,177)		
General Revenues:											
Property taxes	17,345,175		16,488,058		15,545,463		14,638,903		13,772,243		
Investment income	717,178		209,035		141,191		266,983		262,092		
Unrestricted county aid			2,668,941		2,620,848		2,621,782		2,547,818		
Unrestricted state aid	40,035,817		32,109,648		28,449,893		31,194,024		28,012,345		
Unrestricted federal aid	 484,304		505,613		348,285		310,628		174,919		
Total general revenues	58,582,474		51,981,295		47,105,680		49,032,320		44,769,417		
Changes in Net Position	\$ 15,347,032	\$	9,326,914	\$	5,509,308	\$	(691,240)	\$	4,769,240		

(Continued)

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 General Revenues and Total Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$ (37,584,301)	\$ (38,039,833)	\$ (38,056,034)	\$ (38,810,593)	\$ (33,932,119)
General Revenues:					
Property taxes	13,447,991	12,833,943	12,341,162	12,717,175	12,037,863
Investment income	100,413	55,858	82,812	35,223	34,573
Unrestricted county aid	2,469,462	2,224,802	2,094,375	2,079,064	2,006,377
Unrestricted state aid	24,934,749	22,838,761	22,281,981	22,493,033	21,689,531
Unrestricted federal aid	 183,259	 311,090	268,552	 179,069	112,606
Total general revenues	41,135,874	38,264,454	37,068,882	37,503,564	 35,880,950
Changes in Net Position	\$ 3,551,573	\$ 224,621	\$ (987,152)	\$ (1,307,029)	\$ 1,948,831

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

Note: Due to a change in legislation, beginning in fiscal year 2023, unrestricted county aid is now presented with property taxes.

(Concluded)

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 General Fund: Nonspendable \$ 4,660,193 \$ 123,378 \$ 123,729 \$ 557,010 \$ 77,981 4,559,464 1,710,530 Restricted 2,544,645 791,016 Unassigned 5,973,283 5,732,708 6,738,776 18,251,800 7,510,389 **Total General Fund** 22,911,993 12,193,231 9,407,150 7,321,309 7,521,219 All Other Governmental Funds: Restricted \$ 11,865,083 39,545,596 \$ 9,332,796 9,204,788 11,164,884 (3,317,439)(298,633)(1,039,504)Unassigned (80,569)(197,574)Total all other governmental funds 39,246,963 8,547,644 9,252,227 8,165,284 10,967,310

(Continued)

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	2014
General Fund:					
Nonspendable	\$ 50,193	\$ 57,700	\$	\$	\$ 920,922
Restricted	687,336	210,670	1,714,999	1,162,140	1,308,714
Unassigned	5,339,294	5,080,428	5,300,808	4,711,102	4,062,338
Total General Fund	\$ 6,076,823	\$ 5,348,798	\$ 7,015,807	\$ 5,873,242	\$ 6,291,974
All Other Governmental Funds:					
Restricted	\$ 11,278,181	\$ 7,719,313	\$ 5,156,526	\$ 16,933,303	\$ 4,916,359
Unassigned	 (101,428)	 (26)		(70,617)	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 11,176,753	\$ 7,719,287	\$ 5,156,526	\$ 16,862,686	\$ 4,916,359

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

(Concluded)

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Governmental Funds Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30 2023 2019 2022 2021 2020 Federal sources: Federal grants 6,794,282 \$ 8,700,529 \$ 7,386,771 \$ 3,583,539 \$ 3,289,280 **National School Lunch Program** 5,184,640 6,119,186 2,923,716 4,488,805 4,560,165 11,978,922 14,819,715 7,849,445 Total federal sources 8,072,344 10,310,487 State sources: 34,923,648 27,156,386 25,331,567 24,787,458 State equalization assistance 27,652,969 State grants 335,346 395,635 212,420 374,178 95,025 386,006 School Facilities Oversight Board 194,883 160,777 55,656 196,115 Other revenues 4,752,169 4,792,485 3,177,552 3,344,940 3,224,887 Total state sources 40,206,046 32,505,283 28,777,195 31,568,202 28,493,376 Local sources: Property taxes 17,282,351 16,509,100 15,587,882 14,876,797 13,808,390 County aid 2,668,941 2,620,848 2,621,782 2,547,818 686,076 450,868 560,625 Food service sales 211,582 24,082 Investment income 717,178 209,035 141,191 266,983 262,092 Other revenues 2,607,594 2,745,348 693,959 662,291 738,775 21,293,199 22,344,006 19,067,962 18,878,721 17,917,700 Total local sources **Total revenues** 73,478,167 \$ 69,669,004 58,155,644 58,519,267 54,260,521

(Continued)

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Governmental Funds Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u> 2016</u>	<u> 2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Federal sources:					
Federal grants	\$ 2,869,395	\$ 3,538,301	\$ 3,341,620	\$ 3,308,088	\$ 4,013,021
National School Lunch Program	 4,193,258	 4,176,317	 3,825,325	 4,075,811	 4,172,939
Total federal sources	7,062,653	7,714,618	7,166,945	7,383,899	8,185,960
State sources:		_			_
State equalization assistance	22,073,027	20,645,967	20,085,240	20,419,340	19,830,849
State grants	106,399	34,771	13,503	27,214	411,618
School Facilities Oversight Board	5,080	266,436			
Other revenues	2,861,722	 2,192,794	 2,196,741	 2,073,693	 1,858,682
Total state sources	25,046,228	23,139,968	22,295,484	22,520,247	22,101,149
Local sources:		_			_
Property taxes	13,475,453	12,917,411	12,475,137	12,709,520	12,078,963
County aid	2,469,462	2,224,802	2,094,375	2,079,064	2,006,377
Food service sales	535,267	456,641	334,114	350,253	397,405
Investment income	100,413	55,858	82,812	35,223	34,573
Other revenues	781,476	 734,441	 642,209	 581,634	 484,191
Total local sources	17,362,071	16,389,153	15,628,647	15,755,694	15,001,509
Total revenues	\$ 49,470,952	\$ 47,243,739	\$ 45,091,076	\$ 45,659,840	\$ 45,288,618

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

Note: Due to a change in legislation, beginning in fiscal year 2023, county aid is now presented with property taxes.

(Concluded)

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		2019
Expenditures:										
Current -										
Instruction	\$	28,982,768	\$	29,045,139	\$	25,922,544	\$	26,064,298	\$	24,377,167
Support services - students and staff		8,899,435		8,758,594		8,171,762		7,824,834		7,002,780
Support services - administration		1,546,485		5,795,853		5,013,028		5,720,387		5,385,859
Operation and maintenance of plant services		4,653,649		3,892,746		3,811,271		4,185,850		3,736,402
Student transportation services		2,099,771		1,904,403		1,190,680		1,779,325		1,694,019
Operation of non-instructional services		5,429,059		4,764,106		2,904,974		4,847,103		4,863,087
Capital outlay		37,712,941		7,741,839		4,214,917		11,484,595		4,347,528
Debt service -										
Principal retirement		2,251,102		2,846,892		2,432,791		2,188,086		2,034,657
Interest and fiscal charges		1,922,125		1,248,134		914,548		989,196		1,022,504
Bond issuance costs				543,813				51,191		42,617
Total expenditures	\$	93,497,335	\$	66,541,519	\$	54,576,515	\$	65,134,865	\$	54,506,620
Expenditures for capitalized assets	\$	31,780,284	\$	7,162,733	\$	1,807,285	\$	8,626,941	\$	2,713,837
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures		7%		7%		6%		6%		6%

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Expenditures:					
Current -					
Instruction	\$ 21,322,962	\$ 20,676,769	\$ 20,234,887	\$ 20,172,488	\$ 19,476,377
Support services - students and staff	6,510,832	6,154,941	5,952,268	6,155,479	5,960,392
Support services - administration	4,578,367	4,887,361	4,190,570	4,312,939	3,796,371
Operation and maintenance of plant services	3,537,682	3,590,342	3,181,678	3,663,224	3,749,721
Student transportation services	1,450,378	1,436,582	1,278,064	1,456,182	1,390,443
Operation of non-instructional services	4,532,694	4,602,476	3,527,579	3,692,960	3,572,384
Capital outlay	6,489,674	4,809,375	14,652,734	3,634,072	4,424,509
Debt service -					
Principal retirement	1,685,912	1,692,727	1,620,146	1,538,125	1,721,621
Interest and fiscal charges	927,563	930,886	1,016,745	631,050	699,503
Bond issuance costs	61,558	46,000		224,741	
Total expenditures	\$ 51,097,622	\$ 48,827,459	\$ 55,654,671	\$ 45,481,260	\$ 44,791,321
Expenditures for capitalized assets	\$ 4,974,159	\$ 2,968,092	\$ 10,920,526	\$ 1,074,517	\$ 1,888,133
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	6%	6%	6%	5%	6%

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

(Concluded)

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Other Financing Sources and Uses and Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
	<u>2023</u>			2022		2021		2020	<u>2019</u>	
Excess (deficiency) of										
revenues over expenditures	\$	(20,019,168)	\$	3,127,485	\$	3,579,129	\$	(6,615,598)	\$	(246,099)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Issuance of school improvement bonds				26,750,000				2,971,476		2,000,000
Premium on sale of bonds				3,211,113						
Insurance recoveries		32,331		26,075		3,202		4,755		44,463
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		6,280		26,973		23,734				
Transfers in		1,351,263		1,609,534		597,415		654,099		1,039,105
Transfers out		(1,351,263)		(1,609,534)		(597,415)		(654,099)		(1,039,105)
Total other financing sources (uses)		38,611		30,014,161		26,936		2,976,231		2,044,463
Changes in fund balances	\$	(19,980,557)	\$	33,141,646	\$	3,606,065	\$	(3,639,367)	\$	1,798,364
		<u> 2018</u>		2017		2016		<u>2015</u>		2014
Excess (deficiency) of										
revenues over expenditures	\$	(1,626,670)	\$	(1,583,720)	\$	(10,563,595)	\$	178,580	\$	497,297
Other financing sources (uses):										
Issuance of school improvement bonds		3,750,000		2,390,000				11,860,000		
Premium on sale of bonds								409,937		
Capital lease agreements		2,020,000								
Insurance recoveries		49,668		31,772						
Transfers in		500,175		454,979		470,050		668,099		385,312
Transfers out		(500,175)		(454,979)		(470,050)		(668,099)		(385,312)
Total other financing sources (uses)		5,819,668		2,421,772				12,269,937		
Changes in fund balances	\$	4,192,998	\$	838,052	\$	(10,563,595)	\$	12,448,517	\$	497,297

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Net Limited Assessed Value and Full Cash Value of Taxable Property by Class Last Ten Fiscal Years

	_				Fiscal Year		
Class		<u>2023</u>		2022	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Commercial, Industrial, Utilities and Mining Agricultural and Vacant Residential (Owner Occupied) Residential (Rental) Railroad, Private Cars and Airlines Historical Property Certain Government Property Improvements	\$	135,684,424 16,045,216 133,395,130 62,205,971 1,177,337	\$	120,561,648 15,288,043 118,778,097 54,699,954 788,148	\$ 115,643,384 15,406,243 108,958,264 51,687,779 747,848	\$ 108,335,175 12,705,932 100,580,183 49,017,531 782,534	\$ 99,545,865 11,260,485 92,738,166 45,570,640 779,834 33,467
Total	\$_	348,508,078	\$	310,115,890	\$ 292,443,518	\$ 271,421,355	\$ 249,928,457
Gross Full Cash Value	\$	5,145,099,891	\$	4,632,011,780	\$ 4,251,968,662	\$ 3,764,134,521	\$ 3,341,807,620
Ratio of Net Limited Assessed Value to Gross Full Cash Value Total Direct Rate		7% 5.13		7% 5.47	7% 5.55	7% 5.66	7% 5.58
	=				Fiscal Year		
Class		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Commercial, Industrial, Utilities and Mining Agricultural and Vacant Residential (Owner Occupied) Residential (Rental) Railroad, Private Cars and Airlines Historical Property Certain Government Property Improvements	\$	91,170,396 12,111,514 82,853,013 44,942,993 831,381	\$ <u>-</u>	86,685,736 12,658,186 72,812,666 44,055,914 653,099	\$ 88,769,446 13,257,222 66,423,404 43,486,628 707,976 23,155	\$ 90,115,979 13,568,834 62,150,024 40,972,735 751,882 26,820 54,212	\$ 91,009,297 15,870,849 58,080,439 36,060,869 674,906 28,598
Total	\$_	231,909,297	\$	216,865,601	\$ 212,667,831	\$ 207,640,486	\$ 201,724,958
Gross Full Cash Value	\$	2,965,326,105	\$	2,729,351,774	\$ 2,448,365,106	\$ 2,026,208,346	\$ 1,818,863,601
Ratio of Net Limited Assessed Value to Gross Full Cash Value Total Direct Rate		8% 5.88		8% 5.97	9% 5.93	10% 5.90	11% 5.98

Source: The source of this information is the State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll, Arizona Department of Revenue.

Note: On November 6, 2012, voters approved Proposition 117, an amendment to the Arizona Constitution. Beginning with Tax Year 2015 (Fiscal Year 2016), both primary and secondary taxes are levied against the net limited assessed value. Primary taxes are used for general District operations. Secondary taxes are used to service District bonded debt requirements and other voter-approved overrides.

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Net Full Cash Assessed Value of Taxable Property by Class Last Ten Fiscal Years

	_					Fiscal Year				
Class		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>
Commercial, Industrial, Utilities and Mining	\$	190,648,687	\$	177,408,946	\$	164,952,441	\$	150,547,318	\$	130,477,328
Agricultural and Vacant		32,052,625		30,642,133		28,127,369		22,188,927		17,827,489
Residential (Owner Occupied)		223,172,818		198,736,605		179,091,351		154,841,087		139,013,726
Residential (Rental)		111,141,513		95,659,300		88,919,542		77,030,181		70,850,652
Railroad, Private Cars and Airlines		1,555,894		1,025,088		949,549		969,625		942,584
Historical Property										
Certain Government Property Improvements	-		_		_		-		_	52,958
Total	\$	558,571,537	\$	503,472,072	\$	462,040,252	\$	405,577,138	\$	359,164,737
Gross Full Cash Value	\$	5,145,099,891	=	4,632,011,780	=	4,251,968,662	=	3,764,134,521	=	3,341,807,620
Ratio of Net Full Cash Assessed Value to Gross Full Cash Value		11%		11%		11%		11%		11%
Estimated Net Full Cash Value Total Direct Rate		4,536,152,868 5.13		4,023,819,736 5.47		4,251,968,662 5.55		3,208,029,267 5.66		2,862,169,827 5.58
Total Direct Nate		5.15		3.47				3.00		3.30
	-					Fiscal Year				
Class		2018		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>
Commercial, Industrial, Utilities and Mining	\$	118,188,274	\$	112,013,804	\$	102,727,234	\$	92,418,862	\$	91,848,309
Agricultural and Vacant		18,337,984		19,039,422		16,371,305		14,516,444		16,597,784
Residential (Owner Occupied)		117,126,150		102,125,338		91,097,821		69,217,449		58,127,943
Residential (Rental)		64,303,840		60,867,572		58,786,878		45,525,827		36,827,465
Railroad, Private Cars and Airlines		970,916		699,273		721,525		758,920		681,266
Historical Property						92,620		101,916		111,531
Certain Government Property Improvements	_		_		_		-	59,574	_	
Total	\$_	318,927,164	\$_	294,745,409	\$_	269,797,383	\$	222,598,992	\$_	204,194,298
Gross Full Cash Value	\$	2,965,326,105	_	2,729,351,774	_	2,448,365,106	=	2,026,208,346	_	1,818,863,601
Ratio of Net Full Cash Assessed Value to Gross Full Cash Value		11%		11%		11%		11%		11%
Estimated Net Full Cash Value Total Direct Rate		2,965,326,105 5.88		2,307,734,253 5.97		2,081,962,044 5.93		1,664,704,689 5.90		1,469,587,053 5.98
iolai Direct Kale		5.88		5.97		5.93		5.90		5.98

Source: The source of this information is the State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll, Arizona Department of Revenue.

Note: On November 6, 2012, voters approved Proposition 117, an amendment to the Arizona Constitution. Beginning with Tax Year 2015 (Fiscal Year 2016), both primary and secondary taxes are levied against the net limited assessed value. The net full cash assessed value is used for determining the District's bonding capacity and as the ceiling for net limited assessed value.

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Property Tax Assessment Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years

Class	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Commercial, Industrial, Utilities and Mining	18 %	18 %	18 %	18 %	18 %
Agricultural and Vacant	15	15	15	15	15
Residential (Owner Occupied)	10	10	10	10	10
Residential (Rental)	10	10	10	10	10
Railroad, Private Cars and Airlines	15	15	15	15	14

Fiscal Year

Fiscal Year

					_
Class	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Commercial, Industrial, Utilities and Mining	18 %	18 %	19 %	19 %	20 %
Agricultural and Vacant	15	15	16	16	16
Residential (Owner Occupied)	10	10	10	10	10
Residential (Rental)	10	10	10	10	10
Railroad, Private Cars and Airlines	15	14	15	16	15

Source: The source of this information is the State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll, Arizona Department of Revenue.

Note: Additional classes of property exist, but do not amount to a significant portion of the District's total valuation, therefore they are not included on this schedule.

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Overlapping Rates

Fiscal Year			Community	Flood	Water			Tolleson Union	Dis	trict Direct Rat	es
Ended June 30	State Equalization	County	College District	Control District	Conservation District	City of Avondale	City of Tolleson	High School District No. 214	Primary	Secondary	Total
June 30	<u> </u>	county				7170114410	101103011	2.50.100.100.221	- Timuary	<u>secondary</u>	Total
2023		1.25	1.19	0.16	0.14	1.55	2.68	5.41	1.97	3.17	5.13
2022	0.43	1.35	1.23	0.18	0.14	1.42	2.75	4.73	2.18	3.29	5.47
2021	0.44	1.40	1.29	0.18	0.14	1.42	3.53	4.71	2.17	3.37	5.55
2020	0.46	1.40	1.33	0.18	0.14	1.65	3.72	5.01	2.24	3.42	5.66
2019	0.47	1.40	1.38	0.18	0.14	1.76	3.83	4.45	2.20	3.38	5.58
2018	0.49	1.40	1.41	0.18	0.14	1.60	3.99	3.94	2.42	3.46	5.88
2017	0.50	1.40	1.47	0.18	0.14	1.70	3.97	3.57	2.33	3.64	5.97
2016	0.51	1.36	1.49	0.16	0.14	1.75	3.97	4.01	2.48	3.45	5.93
2015	0.51	1.32	1.52	0.14	0.14	1.75	3.75	4.53	2.59	3.31	5.90
2014	0.51	1.28	1.53	0.14	0.14	1.81	3.76	5.49	2.42	3.55	5.98

Source: The source of this information is the Property Tax Rates and Assessed Values, Arizona Tax Research Foundation.

Note: There was no state equalization levy for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Principal Property Taxpayers Current Fiscal Year and Fiscal Year Nine Years Prior

	 20	23		2014				
Taxpayer	 Net Limited Assessed Valuation	Percentage of District's Net Limited Assesse Valuation		Net Full Cash Assessed Valuation	Percentage of District's Net Full Cash Assessed Valuation			
Smiths food & drug centers inc	\$ 20,257,969	5.81	%					
SVC Manufacturing inc	17,959,106	5.15						
Phoenix Speedway Corp	14,524,112	4.17						
Salr River Project	13,517,536	3.88						
J & J Coldwater LLC	12,662,399	3.63						
Avondale Commerce LLC	8,660,735	2.49						
CPUS fairway LP	8,163,672	2.34						
JIC Avondale LLC	8,074,388	2.32						
Arizona Public Service Company	7,689,604	2.21		4,302,669	2.11 %			
SREIT loop 101 phase II LLC	7,116,946	2.04						
VHS of South Phoenix, Inc				1,636,244	0.80			
Macy's Retail Holdings, Inc.				1,453,850	0.71			
DH Goodyear LLC				1,255,461	0.61			
Wigwam (Inn inc.) Country Development Co.				1,082,872	0.53			
Southwest Gas Corp				1,027,168	0.50			
The Market at Estrella Falls LLC				953,108	0.47			
Mirabella Avondale Apartments LLC				931,588	0.46			
First American Title Ins. Co.				862,665	0.42			
Cardinal Capital Co.	 			845,061	0.41			
Total	\$ 118,626,467	34.04	%	\$ 14,350,686	7.02 %			

Source: The source of this information is the Maricopa County Assessor's records.

Note: On November 6, 2012, voters approved Proposition 117, an amendment to the Arizona Constitution. Beginning with Tax Year 2015 (Fiscal Year 2016), both primary and secondary taxes are levied against the net limited assessed value.

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Collected wi Fiscal Year of			Collected to the End of the Current Fiscal Year					
Year Ended June 30	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Fiscal Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy				
2023	\$ 17,931,891	\$ 17,370,903	96.87 %	\$	\$ 17,370,903	96.87 %				
2022	16,915,936	16,400,610	96.95	509,478	16,910,088	99.97				
2021	16,287,360	15,666,296	96.19	615,624	16,281,920	99.97				
2020	15,395,349	14,926,252	96.95	460,178	15,386,430	99.94				
2019	14,044,116	13,637,320	97.10	400,926	14,038,246	99.96				
2018	13,692,709	13,264,299	96.87	427,379	13,691,678	99.99				
2017	12,252,638	11,856,051	96.76	395,843	12,251,894	99.99				
2016	12,519,102	12,297,642	98.23	220,677	12,518,319	99.99				
2015	12,761,428	12,344,821	96.74	415,865	12,760,686	99.99				
2014	12,144,131	11,777,361	96.98	366,325	12,143,686	100.00				

Source: The source of this information is the Maricopa County Treasurer's records.

Notes: 1) Amounts collected are on a cash basis.

2) Unsecured personal property taxes are not included in this schedule because the dates of the monthly rolls vary each year. On the average, 90% of unsecured property taxes are collected within 90 days after the due date.

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		G	ieneral Obligation	Bonds				Total Outst	anding Debt	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	General Obligation Bonds	Less: Amounts Restricted for Principal	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Value (Full Cash Value)	Per Capita	Finance Purchases	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Value (Full Cash Value)	Per Capita	Percentage of Personal Income
2023	\$ 49,932,141	\$ 774,430	\$ 49,157,711	0.97 %	\$ 939	\$ 1,255,510	\$ 51,187,651	0.99 %	\$ 962	N/A %
2022	52,805,471	511,280	52,294,191	1.14	1,126	1,416,612	54,222,083	1.17	1,157	0.02
2021	25,248,293	328,815	24,919,478	0.59	550	1,573,504	26,821,797	0.63	584	0.01
2020	27,181,067	605,343	26,575,724	0.72	602	1,726,295	28,907,362	0.77	640	0.01
2019	26,034,718	639,408	25,395,310	0.78	594	2,004,381	28,039,099	0.84	640	0.01
2018	25,643,368	825,793	24,817,575	11.06	582	2,269,038	27,912,406	12.04	633	0.01
2017	23,517,018	654,955	22,862,063	10.84	537	359,950	23,876,968	11.01	545	0.01
2016	22,704,838	411,700	22,293,138	10.68	535	462,677	23,167,515	10.89	545	0.01
2015	24,207,657	498,406	23,709,251	11.66	600	557,823	24,765,480	11.93	614	0.01
2014	13,607,765	254,616	13,353,149	6.75	314	645,948	14,253,713	7.07	329	0.01

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

Note: The provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87 were adopted in fiscal year 2022. The standard replaces the previous capital and operating lease designations with financed purchases or leases depending on the substance of the transactions. The fiscal year 2014-2021 information within this column relates to the transactions previously designated as capital leases.

Note: N/A indicates that the information is not available.

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt June 30, 2022

Governmental Unit	 Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable to School District	Α	Estimated Amount pplicable to hool District	
Overlapping:					
Maricopa County Community College District	\$ 135,585,000	0.64	%	\$	867,744
Maricopa County Special Health District	600,335,000	0.64		\$	4,307,442
City of Avondale	53,609,000	37.60			20,156,984
City of Goodyear	431,070,451	0.01			43,107
City of Phoenix	815,395,000	0.36			2,935,422
City of Tolleson	9,775,000	18.22			1,781,005
Western Maricopa Education Center	130,195,000	1.73			2,252,374
Tolleson Union High School District No. 214	271,233,928	21.64			58,695,022
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt					91,039,100
Direct:					
Littleton Elementary School District No. 65	51,187,651	100.00			51,187,651
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt				\$	142,226,751

Direct and Overlapping General Bonded Debt Ratios

Net Direct General Obligation Bonded Debt	
As a Percentage of Net Limited Assessed Valuation	14.11 %
Net Direct and Overlapping General Bonded Debt	
Per Capita	\$ 2,635
As a Percentage of Net Limited Assessed Valuation	40.23 %
As a Percentage of Gross Full Cash Value	0.99 %

Source: The source of this information is the District's records and the State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll, Arizona Department of Revenue and the applicable governmental unit.

Notes: 1) Estimated percentage of debt outstanding applicable to the District is calculated based on a portion of the District's net limited assessed valuation as a percentage of the net limited assessed valuation of the overlapping jurisdiction.

2) Outstanding debt as of June 30, 2021 is presented for the overlapping governments as this is the most recent available information.

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Class B Bond Legal Debt Margin Calculation	n for F	iscal Year 2023:		Total Le	egal Debt Margi	n Calc	ulation for Fiscal	Year	2023:
Net full cash assessed valuation	\$	558,571,537		Net full	cash assessed v	aluatio	on	\$	558,571,537
Debt limit (10% of assessed value)		55,857,154		Debt lir	nit (15% of asses	ssed va	alue)		83,785,731
Debt applicable to limit		49,005,000			49,005,000				
Legal debt margin	\$	6,852,154	Legal debt margin						34,780,731
			I	Fiscal Ye	ear Ended June 3	30			
		<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>
Debt Limit	\$	83,785,731	\$ 75,520,811	\$	69,306,038	\$	60,836,571	\$	53,874,711
Total net debt applicable to limit		49,005,000	 51,965,000	. <u></u>	24,975,000		26,885,000		25,705,000
Legal debt margin	\$	34,780,731	\$ 23,555,811	\$	44,331,038	\$	33,951,571	\$	28,169,711
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		58%	69%		36%		44%		48%
		<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>
Debt Limit	\$	47,839,075	\$ 44,211,811	\$	40,469,607	\$	33,389,849	\$	30,629,145
Total net debt applicable to limit		25,280,000	 23,120,000	. <u> </u>	22,255,000		24,207,657		13,607,765
Legal debt margin	\$	22,559,075	\$ 21,091,811	\$	18,214,607	\$	9,182,192	\$	17,021,380
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		53%	52%		55%		73%		44%

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

Notes: 1) The District's general obligation bonds are subject to two limits; the Constitutional debt limit (total debt limit) on all general obligation bonds outstanding and the statutory debt limit on Class B bonds outstanding. The calculations of the debt margins are presented in detail for the current fiscal year only.

²⁾ Prior to FY17, net bond premium was restricted by amount and not subject to the statutory debt limit. Beginning with FY17, any additional net premium used for capital projects, bond counsel, printing and preparation of offering documents, a financial advisor, paying agent costs or to pay down debt is counted against both debt limits with the exception of amounts of premium deposited into the Debt Service Fund or a refunding escrow to pay interest payments.

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 County-Wide Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Year	Population	Personal Income (thousands)	_	Per Capita Income	Unemployment Rate	t 	Estimated District Population
2022	4,586,431	\$ N/A	\$	N/A	3.3	%	53,196
2021	4,507,419	268,713,717		59,759	4.5		46,877
2020	4,329,227	196,779,825		45,454	7.5		45,918
2019	4,367,835	210,370,180		47,694	3.6		45,154
2018	4,294,460	210,370,180		40,415	4.1		43,828
2017	4,307,033	196,286,191		45,573	4.2		44,092
2016	4,137,076	280,120,037		40,415	4.5		43,828
2015	4,076,438	184,784,917		42,092	5.5		42,473
2014	4,008,651	168,483,421		41,222	6.9		40,358
2013	3,944,859	147,700,000		27,552	6.7		43,283

Sources: The source of the "Personal Income" and "Per Capita" information is the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

The source of the "Population" and "Unemployment Rate" is the Arizona Office of Employment and Population Statistics.

Note: N/A indicates that the information is not available.

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Principal Employers Current Fiscal Year and Fiscal Year Nine Years Prior

	20	23	2014			
		Percentage of Total		Percentage of Total		
Employer	Employees	Employment		Employees	Employment	
Banner Health	28,740	1.56	%	25,270	1.48 %	%
State of Arizona	25,640	1.39		49,278	2.88	
Walmart	20,080	1.09		32,169	1.88	
Amazon	18,780	1.02				
Frys Food Stores	15,620	0.85				
Wells Fargo	13,960	0.76		14,713	0.86	
Maricopa County	12,730	0.69		12,698	0.74	
Intel Corporation	11,810	0.64		11,900	0.70	
Arizona State University	11,360	0.62		12,222	0.71	
City of Phoenix	10,430	0.57		14,983	0.88	
Bank of America				11,000	0.64	
JP Morgan Chase & Co				11,042	0.65	
Total	169,150	9.19	%	195,275	11.42 %	%
Total employment	1,845,910			1,710,000		

Source: The source of this county-wide information is the Maricopa Association of Governments.

The source of the "Total employment" for 2020 is the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, by Arizona Department of Administration, Office of Employment and Population Statistics. The source of the remaining information is Elliot D. Pollack & Co., the Greater Phoenix Economic Council, and the Arizona Department of Economic Security.

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Full-Time Equivalent District Employees by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30						
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>		
Supervisory							
Superintendent/principals	9	8	9	8	8		
Assistant principals	8	8	7_	7	7		
Total supervisory	17	16	16	15	15		
Instruction				·			
Teachers	323	335	327	290	342		
Other professionals (instructional)	49	21	19	12	21		
Aides	85_	70	71	94	92		
Total instruction	457	426	417	396	455		
Support and Administration							
Managers	16	17	16	16	16		
Other classified	290	147	127	127	141		
Total support and administration	306	164	143	143	157		
Total	780	606	576	554	627		

(Continued)

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Full-Time Equivalent District Employees by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Supervisory					
Superintendent/principals	8	8	8	7	7
Assistant principals	7	6	6	10	11
Total supervisory	15	14	14	17	18
Instruction	<u> </u>				
Teachers	332	325	293	297	289
Other professionals (instructional)	21	36	24	23	24
Aides	81	76	83	92	77
Total instruction	434	437	400	412	390
Support and Administration		,			
Managers	16	17	10	10	8
Other classified	146	148	93	114	110
Total support and administration	162	165	103	124	118
Total	611	616	517	553	526

Source: The source of this information is District personnel records.

(Concluded)

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Average Daily Membership	Operating Expenditures	Cost per Pupil	Percentage Change	Expenses	Cost per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff	Pupil- Teacher Ratio	Percentage of Free/Reduced Students
2023	5,490	\$ 51,611,167	\$ 9,401	(7.61) %	\$ 64,217,711	\$ 11,697	2.77 %	323	17.0	62.0 %
2022	5,323	54,160,841	10,175	14.10	60,587,314	11,382	6.29	335	15.9	76.8
2021	5,272	47,014,259	8,918	3.25	56,458,237	10,709	6.53	327	16.1	76.8
2020	5,838	50,421,797	8,637	3.66	58,688,545	10,053	13.98	290	20.1	78.9
2019	5,648	47,059,314	8,332	11.25	49,816,563	8,820	7.31	342	16.5	78.0
2018	5,599	41,932,915	7,489	(2.81)	46,021,723	8,220	(5.62)	332	16.9	81.0
2017	5,366	41,348,471	7,706	3.74	46,734,574	8,709	(2.77)	325	16.5	81.0
2016	5,165	38,365,046	7,428	(1.89)	46,267,647	8,958	(0.35)	293	17.6	81.0
2015	5,211	39,453,272	7,571	3.19	46,845,849	8,990	7.00	297	17.5	82.1
2014	5,172	37,945,688	7,337	9.23	43,453,428	8,402	10.60	289	17.9	78.5

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

Note: Operating expenditures are total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay.

Littleton Elementary School District No. 65 Capital Assets Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30 2023 2022 2019 2016 2015 2021 2020 2018 2017 2014 **Schools** Elementary Buildings 28 28 28 28 28 28 27 25 25 25 Square feet 678,804 678,804 678,804 678,804 678,804 678,804 658,092 586,505 586,505 586,505 Capacity 8,260 8,260 8,260 8,260 7,882 7,261 7,261 7,261 8,260 8,260 5,971 5,971 5,607 5,623 Enrollment 5,698 6,340 6,218 6,113 5,903 5,607 Administrative Buildings 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 444,687 44,687 Square feet 444,687 44,687 44,687 44,687 44,678 44,678 44,678 44,678 Transportation Garages 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Buses 33 32 31 31 29 26 25 25 25 25

Source: The source of this information is the District's facilities records.